

**P5G-MX**

**Motherboard**

**ASUS**<sup>®</sup>

E3272

First Edition

June 2007

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# Notices

## Federal Communications Commission Statement

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- This device may not cause harmful interference, and
- This device must accept any interference received including interference that may cause undesired operation.

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with manufacturer's instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment to an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.



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The use of shielded cables for connection of the monitor to the graphics card is required to assure compliance with FCC regulations. Changes or modifications to this unit not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate this equipment.

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## Canadian Department of Communications Statement

This digital apparatus does not exceed the Class B limits for radio noise emissions from digital apparatus set out in the Radio Interference Regulations of the Canadian Department of Communications.

This class B digital apparatus complies with Canadian ICES-003.

# Safety information

## Electrical safety

- To prevent electrical shock hazard, disconnect the power cable from the electrical outlet before relocating the system.
- When adding or removing devices to or from the system, ensure that the power cables for the devices are unplugged before the signal cables are connected. If possible, disconnect all power cables from the existing system before you add a device.
- Before connecting or removing signal cables from the motherboard, ensure that all power cables are unplugged.
- Seek professional assistance before using an adapter or extension cord. These devices could interrupt the grounding circuit.
- Make sure that your power supply is set to the correct voltage in your area. If you are not sure about the voltage of the electrical outlet you are using, contact your local power company.
- If the power supply is broken, do not try to fix it by yourself. Contact a qualified service technician or your retailer.

## Operation safety

- Before installing the motherboard and adding devices on it, carefully read all the manuals that came with the package.
- Before using the product, make sure all cables are correctly connected and the power cables are not damaged. If you detect any damage, contact your dealer immediately.
- To avoid short circuits, keep paper clips, screws, and staples away from connectors, slots, sockets and circuitry.
- Avoid dust, humidity, and temperature extremes. Do not place the product in any area where it may become wet.
- Place the product on a stable surface.
- If you encounter technical problems with the product, contact a qualified service technician or your retailer.



---

This symbol of the crossed out wheeled bin indicates that the product (electrical and electronic equipment) should not be placed in municipal waste. Check local regulations for disposal of electronic products.

---

# About this guide

This user guide contains the information you need when installing and configuring the motherboard.

## How this guide is organized

This manual contains the following parts:

- **Chapter 1: Product introduction**  
This chapter describes the features of the motherboard and the new technology it supports. This chapter also lists the hardware setup procedures that you have to perform when installing system components. It includes description of the jumpers and connectors on the motherboard.
- **Chapter 2: BIOS setup**  
This chapter tells how to change system settings through the BIOS Setup menus. Detailed descriptions of the BIOS parameters are also provided.
- **Chapter 3: Software support**  
This chapter describes the contents of the support CD that comes with the motherboard package.
- **Appendix: CPU features**  
This Appendix describes the CPU features that the motherboard supports.

## Where to find more information

Refer to the following sources for additional information and for product and software updates.

1. **ASUS websites**  
The ASUS website provides updated information on ASUS hardware and software products. Refer to the ASUS contact information.
2. **Optional documentation**  
Your product package may include optional documentation, such as warranty flyers, that may have been added by your dealer. These documents are not part of the standard package.

## Conventions used in this guide

To make sure that you perform certain tasks properly, take note of the following symbols used throughout this manual.



**DANGER/WARNING:** Information to prevent injury to yourself when trying to complete a task.



**CAUTION:** Information to prevent damage to the components when trying to complete a task.



**IMPORTANT:** Instructions that you **MUST** follow to complete a task.



**NOTE:** Tips and additional information to help you complete a task.

## Typography

**Bold text**

Indicates a menu or an item to select

*Italics*

Used to emphasize a word or a phrase

<Key>

Keys enclosed in the less-than and greater-than sign means that you must press the enclosed key

Example: <Enter> means that you must press the Enter or Return key

<Key1+Key2+Key3>

If you must press two or more keys simultaneously, the key names are linked with a plus sign (+)

Example: <Ctrl+Alt+D>

**Command**

Means that you must type the command exactly as shown, then supply the required item or value enclosed in brackets

Example: At the DOS prompt, type the command line:

```
afudos /i [filename]
afudos /iP5GMX.ROM
```

## P5G-MX specifications summary

<b>CPU</b>	LGA775 socket for Intel® Core™2 Duo Processor Compatible with Intel® 06/05B/05A processors Supports Intel® Enhanced Intel SpeedStep® Technology (EIST), and Intel® Hyper-Threading Technology * Refer to <a href="http://www.asus.com">www.asus.com</a> for Intel CPU support list
<b>Chipset</b>	Northbridge: Intel® 945GC Southbridge: Intel® ICH7
<b>Front Side Bus</b>	1066/800 MHz
<b>Memory</b>	Dual-channel memory architecture 2 x 240-pin DIMM sockets support up to 2GB of unbuffered non-ECC 667/533 MHz DDR2 DIMMs
<b>VGA</b>	Integrated Intel® Graphics Media Accelerator 950
<b>Expansion slots</b>	1 x PCI Express x16 slot 1 x PCI Express x1 slot 1 x PCI 2.2 slot
<b>Storage</b>	Intel® ICH7 SouthBridge supports: - 1 x Ultra DMA 100/66/33 - 2 x Serial ATA 3Gb/s ports
<b>Audio</b>	Realtek® ACL662 High-Definition audio CODEC, 6-channel audio port Support S/PDIF out interface
<b>LAN</b>	PCI Express 10/100M LAN controller
<b>USB</b>	Supports up to 6 USB 2.0 ports (four ports at mid-board, two ports at back panel)
<b>Rear panel</b>	1 x COM1 1 x LAN (RJ-45) port 2 x USB 2.0 ports 1 x VGA port 1 x PS/2 keyboard port 1 x PS/2 mouse port 6-channel high-definition audio I/O port
<b>BIOS features</b>	4 Mb Flash ROM, AMI BIOS, PnP, WfM2.0, DMI2.0, SM BIOS 2.4

*(continued on the next page)*

## P5G-MX specifications summary

<b>Special features</b>	ASUS EZ Flash ASUS CrashFree BIOS 2 ASUS MyLogo™ ASUS Q-Fan
<b>Manageability</b>	WOL, PXE, WOR by Ring, PME Wake UP
<b>Support OS</b>	Windows® XP / Vista
<b>Internal connectors</b>	2 x USB 2.0 connectors for 4 additional USB 2.0 ports 1 x Internal Speaker connector 1 x CPU fan connector 1 x Chassis fan connector 1 x 24-pin EPS 12 V power connector 1 x 4-pin ATX 12 V power connector 1 x CD audio in connector 1 x Front panel high-definition audio connector 1 x S/PDIF out connector 1 x System Panel connector
<b>Power Requirement</b>	EPS power supply (with 24-pin 12 V plug) ATX power supply (with 4-pin 12 V plug)
<b>Form Factor</b>	MicroATX form factor: 9.6 in x 7.2 in (24.4 cm x 18.3 cm)
<b>Support CD contents</b>	Device drivers ASUS PC Probe II ASUS Update utility Anti-virus software (OEM version)

\*Specifications are subject to change without notice.



This chapter describes the motherboard features and the new technologies it supports.

# 1 Product introduction

## 1.1 Welcome!

### Thank you for buying an ASUS® P5G-MX motherboard!

The motherboard delivers a host of new features and latest technologies, making it another standout in the long line of ASUS quality motherboards!

Before you start installing the motherboard, and hardware devices on it, check the items in your package with the list below.

## 1.2 Package contents

Check your motherboard package for the following items.

Motherboard	ASUS P5G-MX motherboard
Cables	1 x Serial ATA cable 1 x Serial ATA power cable 1 x Ultra DMA 100/66/33 cable
Accessories	I/O shield
Application CDs	ASUS motherboard support CD
Documentation	User guide



If any of the above items is damaged or missing, contact your retailer.

## 1.3 Special features

### 1.3.1 Product highlights

#### Green ASUS



This motherboard and its packaging comply with the European Union's Restriction on the use of Hazardous Substances (RoHS). This is in line with the ASUS vision of creating environment-friendly and recyclable products/packaging to safeguard consumers' health while minimizing the impact on the environment.

#### LGA775 Intel® Core™2 Processor Ready



This motherboard supports the latest Intel® Core™2 processor in the LGA775 package. With the new Intel® Core™ microarchitecture technology and 1066 / 800 MHz FSB, Intel® Core™2 processor is one of the most powerful and energy efficient CPU in the world.

## Intel® 945GC chipset



The Intel® 945GC graphics memory controller hub (GMCH) and the ICH7 I/O controller hub provide the vital interfaces for the motherboard. The GMCH features the Intel® Graphics Media Accelerator 950, an integrated graphics engine for enhanced 3D, 2D, and video capabilities. The GMCH contains one 16-lane PCI Express port intended for an external PCI Express graphics card and provides the interface for a processor in the 775-land package with 1066/800 MHz front side bus (FSB), dual channel DDR2 at speeds of up to 667 MHz.

The Intel® ICH7 Southbridge represents the seventh generation I/O controller hub that provides the interface for PCI Express and high definition audio.

## Intel Graphics Media Accelerator 950



The Intel Graphics engine has new capabilities that provide a significant increase in graphics performance. DirectX 9 hardware acceleration, 400MHz core clock, and up to 128M of video memory all together provide a full-value, high performance graphic solution to you. Through a dual-independent display technology, different content can be displayed on each monitor or stretched across both displays for more workspace.

## DDR2 memory support



The motherboard supports DDR2 memory which features data transfer rates of 667/533 MHz to meet the higher bandwidth requirements of the latest 3D graphics, multimedia, and Internet applications. The dual-channel DDR2 architecture doubles the bandwidth of your system memory to boost system performance, eliminating bottlenecks with peak bandwidths of up to 10.7 GB/s. See pages 1-15 to 1-19 for details.

## PCI Express™ interface



The motherboard fully supports PCI Express, the latest I/O interconnect technology that speeds up the PCI bus. PCI Express features point-to-point serial interconnections between devices and allows higher clockspeeds by carrying data in packets. This high speed interface is software compatible with existing PCI specifications. See page 1-22 for details.

## Serial ATA 3.0 Gb/s technology



The motherboard supports the Serial ATA technology through the Serial ATA interfaces and the Intel® ICH7 chipset. The SATA specification allows for thinner, more flexible cables with lower pin count, reduced voltage requirement, and up to 300 MB/s data transfer rate.

## High Definition Audio



Enjoy high-end sound quality on your PC! The onboard HD audio (High Definition Audio, previously codenamed Azalia) CODEC enables high-quality 192KHz/24-bit audio output, and multi-streaming technology that simultaneously sends different audio streams to different destinations. You can now talk to your partners on the headphone while playing multi-channel network games.

## 1.3.2 Innovative ASUS features

### ASUS CrashFree BIOS 2



This feature allows you to restore the original BIOS data from the support CD in case when the BIOS codes and data are corrupted. This protection eliminates the need to buy a replacement ROM chip. See page 2-6 for details.

### ASUS EZ Flash



With the ASUS EZ Flash, you can easily update the system BIOS even before loading the operating system. No need to use a DOS-based utility or boot from a floppy disk. See page 2-3 for details.

### ASUS Q-Fan technology



The ASUS Q-Fan technology smartly adjusts the fan speeds according to the system loading to ensure quiet, cool, and efficient operation.

### ASUS MyLogo™



This feature present in the motherboard allows you to personalize and add style to your system with customizable boot logos. See details on page 2-29.

## 1.4 Before you proceed

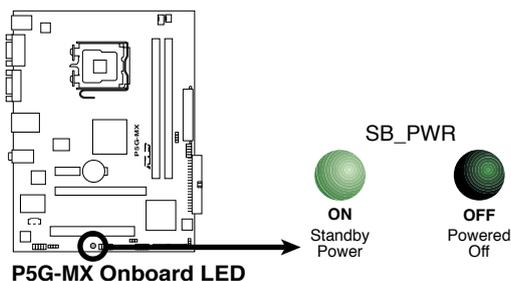
Take note of the following precautions before you install motherboard components or change any motherboard settings.



- Unplug the power cord from the wall socket before touching any component.
- Use a grounded wrist strap or touch a safely grounded object or to a metal object, such as the power supply case, before handling components to avoid damaging them due to static electricity
- Hold components by the edges to avoid touching the ICs on them.
- Whenever you uninstall any component, place it on a grounded antistatic pad or in the bag that came with the component.
- Before you install or remove any component, ensure that the ATX power supply is switched off or the power cord is detached from the power supply. Failure to do so may cause severe damage to the motherboard, peripherals, and/or components.

### Onboard LED

The motherboard comes with a standby power LED that lights up to indicate that the system is ON, in sleep mode, or in soft-off mode. This is a reminder that you should shut down the system and unplug the power cable before removing or plugging in any motherboard component. The illustration below shows the location of the onboard LED.



## 1.5 Motherboard overview

Before you install the motherboard, study the configuration of your chassis to ensure that the motherboard fits into it.



Make sure to unplug the power cord before installing or removing the motherboard. Failure to do so can cause you physical injury and damage motherboard components.

### 1.5.1 Placement direction

When installing the motherboard, make sure that you place it into the chassis in the correct orientation. The edge with external ports goes to the rear part of the chassis as indicated in the image below.

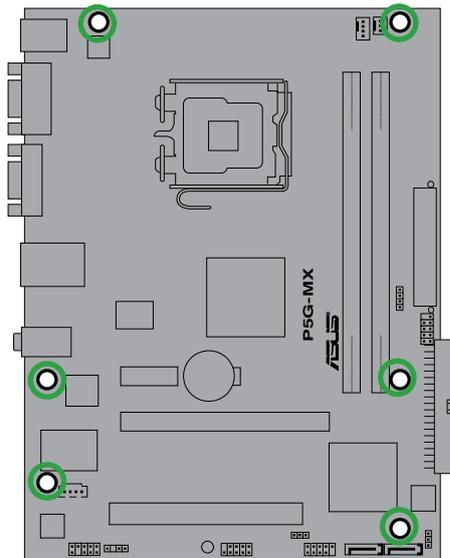
### 1.5.2 Screw holes

Place six (6) screws into the holes indicated by circles to secure the motherboard to the chassis.

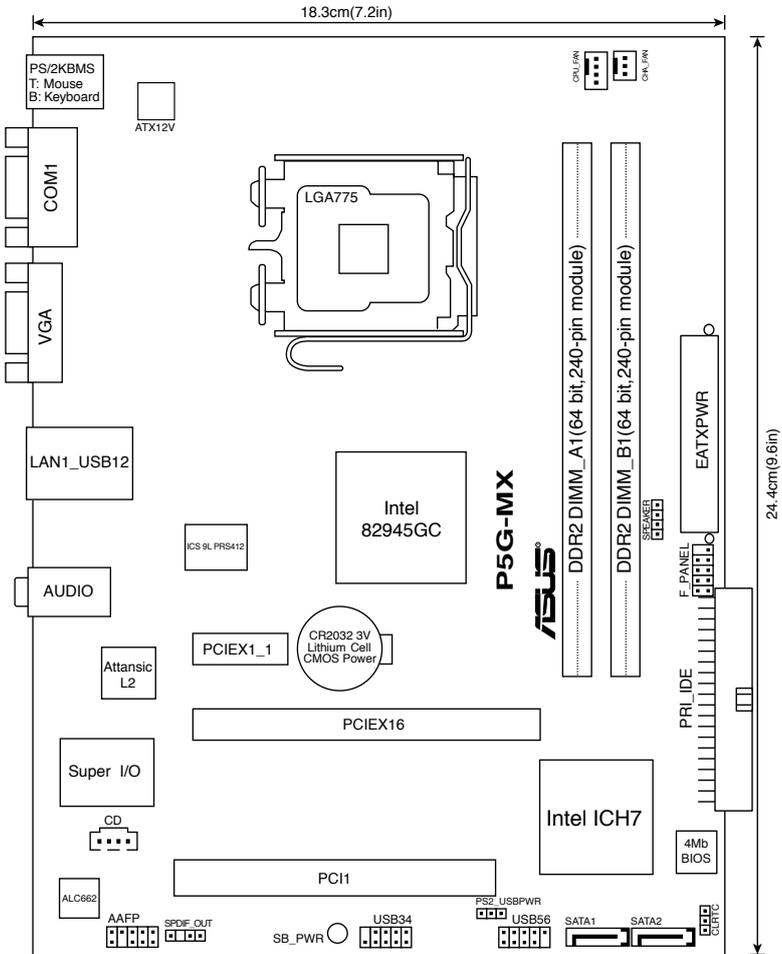


Do not overtighten the screws! Doing so can damage the motherboard.

Place this side towards  
the rear of the chassis



## 1.5.3 Motherboard layout



## 1.6 Central Processing Unit (CPU)

The motherboard comes with a surface mount LGA775 socket designed for the Core™2 Duo processors.

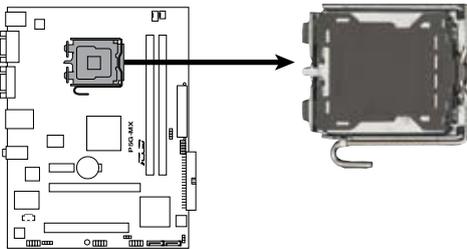


- Your boxed Intel® Core™2 Duo LGA775 processor package should come with installation instructions for the CPU, fan and heatsink assembly. If the instructions in this section do not match the CPU documentation, follow the latter.
- Upon purchase of the motherboard, make sure that the PnP cap is on the socket and the socket pins are not bent. Contact your retailer immediately if the PnP cap is missing, or if you see any damage to the PnP cap/socket pins/motherboard components. ASUS will shoulder the cost of repair only if the damage is shipment/transit-related.
- Keep the cap after installing the motherboard. ASUS will process Return Merchandise Authorization (RMA) requests only if the motherboard comes with the cap on the LGA775 socket.
- The product warranty does not cover damage to the socket pins resulting from incorrect CPU installation/removal, or misplacement/loss/incorrect removal of the PnP cap.

### 1.6.1 Installing the CPU

To install a CPU:

1. Locate the CPU socket on the motherboard.

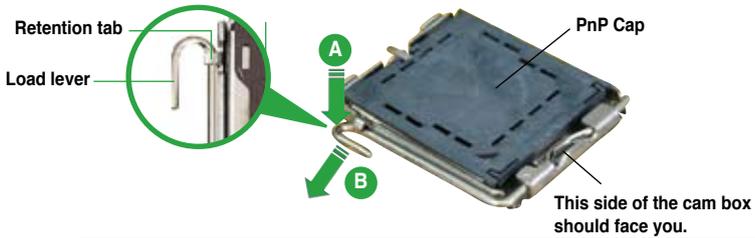


**P5G-MX CPU Socket 775**



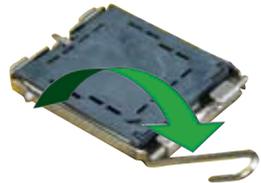
Before installing the CPU, make sure that the socket box is facing towards you and the load lever is on your left.

2. Press the load lever with your thumb (A) and move it to the left (B) until it is released from the retention tab.

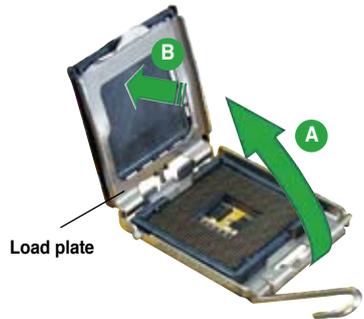


To prevent damage to the socket pins, do not remove the PnP cap unless you are installing a CPU.

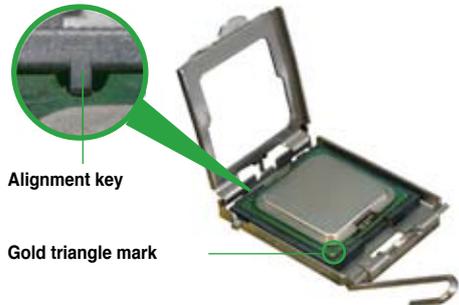
3. Lift the load lever in the direction of the arrow to a 135° angle.



4. Lift the load plate with your thumb and forefinger to a 100° angle (A), then push the PnP cap from the load plate window to remove (B).



5. Position the CPU over the socket, making sure that the gold triangle is on the bottom-left corner of the socket. The socket alignment key should fit into the CPU notch.



6. Close the load plate (A), then push the load lever (B) until it snaps into the retention tab.



---

The CPU fits in only one correct orientation. DO NOT force the CPU into the socket to prevent bending the connectors on the socket and damaging the CPU!

---



---

The motherboard supports Intel® LGA775 processors with the Intel® Enhanced Intel SpeedStep® Technology (EIST), and Hyper-Threading Technology.

---

## 1.6.2 Installing the CPU heatsink and fan

The Intel® Core™2 Duo processors require a specially designed heatsink and fan assembly to ensure optimum thermal condition and performance.



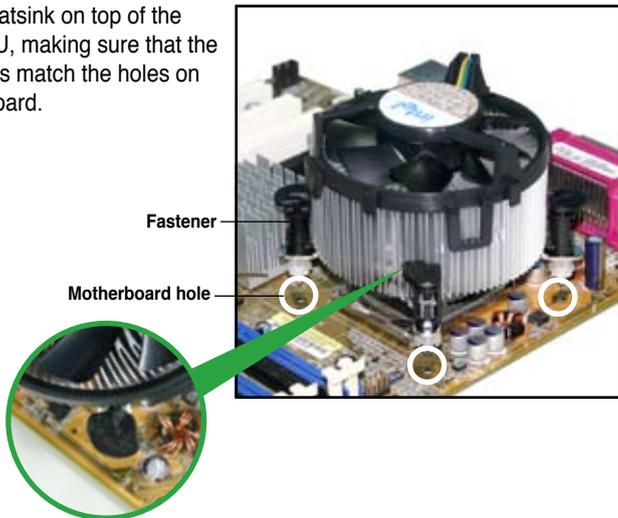
- Install the motherboard to the chassis before you install the CPU fan and heatsink assembly
- When you buy a boxed Intel® Core™2 Duo LGA775 processor, the package includes the CPU fan and heatsink assembly. If you buy a CPU separately, make sure that you use only Intel®-certified multi-directional heatsink and fan.
- Your Intel® Core™2 Duo LGA775 heatsink and fan assembly comes in a push-pin design and requires no tool to install.



If you purchased a separate CPU heatsink and fan assembly, make sure that a Thermal Interface Material is properly applied to the CPU heatsink or CPU before you install the heatsink and fan assembly.

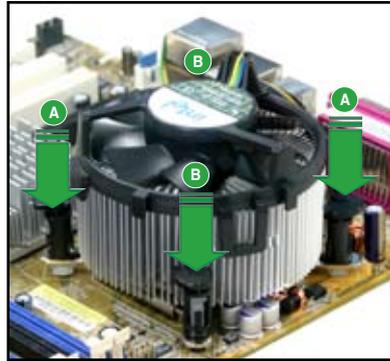
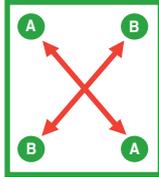
To install the CPU heatsink and fan:

1. Place the heatsink on top of the installed CPU, making sure that the four fasteners match the holes on the motherboard.

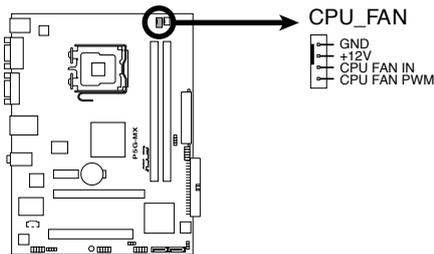


Make sure each fastener is oriented as shown, with the narrow groove directed outward.

2. Push down two fasteners at a time in a diagonal sequence to secure the heatsink and fan assembly in place.



3. When the fan and heatsink assembly is in place, connect the CPU fan cable to the connector on the motherboard labeled CPU\_FAN.



**P5G-MX CPU Fan Connector**



- Do not forget to connect the CPU fan connector! Hardware monitoring errors can occur if you fail to plug this connector.
- We recommend you to install the chassis fan for better thermal state.

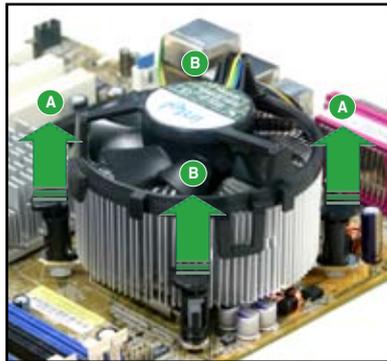
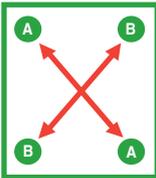
### 1.6.3 Uninstalling the CPU heatsink and fan

To uninstall the CPU heatsink and fan:

1. Disconnect the CPU fan cable from the connector on the motherboard.
2. Rotate each fastener counterclockwise.



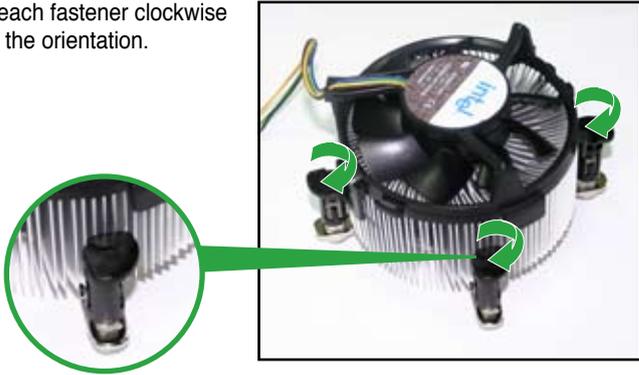
3. Pull up two fasteners at a time in a diagonal sequence to disengage the heatsink and fan assembly from the motherboard.



- 4. Remove the heatsink and fan assembly from the motherboard.



- 5. Rotate each fastener clockwise to reset the orientation.



**Narrow end of the groove**



The narrow end of the groove should point outward after resetting. (The photo shows the groove shaded for emphasis.)



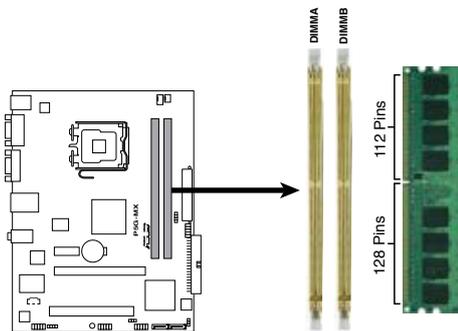
# 1.7 System memory

## 1.7.1 Overview

The motherboard comes with two Double Data Rate 2 (DDR2) Dual Inline Memory Modules (DIMM) sockets.

A DDR2 module has the same physical dimensions as a DDR DIMM but has a 240-pin footprint compared to the 184-pin DDR DIMM. DDR2 DIMMs are notched differently to prevent installation on a DDR DIMM socket.

The figure illustrates the location of the DDR2 DIMM sockets:



**P5G-MX 240-pin DDR2 DIMM Sockets**

Channel	Sockets
Channel A	DIMM_A
Channel B	DIMM_B

## 1.7.2 Memory configurations

You may install 256 MB, 512 MB, and 1 GB unbuffered non-ECC DDR2 DIMMs into the DIMM sockets.



- For dual-channel configuration, the total size of memory module(s) installed per channel must be the same (DIMM\_A = DIMM\_B).
- Always install DIMMs with the same CAS latency. For optimum compatibility, it is recommended that you obtain memory modules from the same vendor. Refer to the DDR2 Qualified Vendors List on next page for details.
- This motherboard does not support memory modules made up of 128 Mb chips or double-sided x16 memory modules. .

## 1.7.3 DDR2 Qualified Vendors List

The following table lists the memory modules that have been tested and qualified for use with this motherboard. Visit the ASUS website ([www.asus.com](http://www.asus.com)) for the latest DDR2 DIMM modules for this motherboard.



Make sure to choose the right QVLs (Qualified Vendors List) from ASUS website according to the version of your motherboard. Refer to your Printed Circuit Board (PCB) for version information.

### DDR2 533 Qualified Vendors List

Size	Vendor	Model	Brand	Side(s)	Component	DIMM support	
						A	B
256MB	Kingston	KVR533D2N4/256	Elpida	SS	E5116AB-5C-E	•	•
256MB	Kingston	KVR533D2N4/256	Elpida	SS	E5116AF-5C-E	•	•
512MB	Kingston	KVR533D2N4/512	Hynix	DS	HYP5PS56821F-C4	•	•
512MB	Kingston	KVR533D2N4/512	Infineon	SS	HYB18T512800AF3733336550	•	•
1G	Kingston	KVR533D2N4/1G	Kingston	DS	D6408TE7BL-37	•	•
1G	Kingston	KVR533D2N4/1G	Micron	DS	5YD11D9GCT	•	•
256MB	Samsung	M378T3253FG0-CD5	Samsung	SS	K4T56083QF-GCD5	•	•
512MB	Samsung	M378T6553BG0-CD5	Samsung	SS	K4T51083QB-GCD5	•	•
256MB	Qimonda	HYS64T32000HU-3.7-A	Qimonda	SS	HYB18T512160AF-3.7AFSS31270	•	•
512MB	Qimonda	HYS64T64000GU-3.7-A	Qimonda	SS	HYB18T512800AC37SSS11511	•	•
512MB	Qimonda	HYS64T64000HU-3.7-A	Qimonda	SS	HYB18T512800AF37SSS12079	•	•
512MB	Qimonda	HYS64T64000HU-3.7-A	Qimonda	SS	HYB18T512800AF37SS29334	•	•
512MB	Micron	MT 16HTF6464AG-53EB2	Micron	DS	D9BOM	•	•
512MB	Micron	MT 16HTF6464AG-53EB2	Micron	DS	Z9BQT	•	•
1G	Micron	MT 16HTF12864AY-53EA1	Micron	DS	D9CRZ	•	•
512MB	Corsair	VS512MB533D2	Corsair	DS	MIII0052532M8CEC	•	•
512MB	Elpida	EBE51UD8ABFA-5C-E	Elpida	SS	E5108AB-5C-E	•	•
512MB	Transcend	512MB DDR2 533 ECC	Micron	SS	6ND22D9GCT(ECC)	•	•
512MB	Kingmax	KLBC28F-A8KB4	Kingmax	SS	KKEA88B4IAK-37	•	•
256MB	Kingmax	KLBB68F-36EP4	Elpida	SS	E5116AB-5C-E	•	•
512MB	Kingmax	KLBC28F-A8EB4	Elpida	SS	E5108AE-5C-E	•	•
512MB	PQI	MEAB-323LA	PQI	SS	D2-E04180W025	•	•
1G	PQI	MEAB-423LA	PQI	DS	D2-E04230W107	•	•
512MB	AENEON	AET660UD00-370A98Z	AENEON	SS	AET93F370A G 0513	•	•
256MB	AENEON	AET560UD00-370A98Z	AENEON	SS	AET94F370AVV34635G0520	•	•
512MB	AENEON	AET660UD00-370A98Z	AENEON	SS	AET93F370A 3VV36328G 0522	•	•
512MB	AENEON	AET660UD00-370A98X	AENEON	SS	AET93F370A 0518	•	•
512MB	AENEON	AET660UD00-370A88S	AENEON	DS	AET82F370A 0550	•	•
512MB	AENEON	AET660UD00-370B97X	AENEON	SS	AET93R370B 0640	•	•
1G	AENEON	AET760UD00-370A98Z	AENEON	DS	AET93F370A 0551	•	•
1G	AENEON	AET760UD00-370A98S	AENEON	DS	AET92F370A 0606	•	•
1G	AENEON	AET760UD00-370B97X	AENEON	DS	AET93R370B 0640	•	•
512MB	REMAXEL	RML1040EG38D6F-533	Elpida	SS	E5108AG-5C-E	•	•
512MB	VERITECH	GTP512HLTM46DG	VERITECH	SS	VTD264M8PC6G01A164129621	•	•
1G	VERITECH	GTP01GHMTM56DG	VERITECH	DS	VTD264M8PC6G01A164129621	•	•

(continued on the next page)

## DDR2 667 Qualified Vendors List

Size	Vendor	Model	Brand	Side(s)	Component	DIMM support	
						A	B
256MB	Kingston	KVR667D2N5/256	Elpida	SS	E2508AB-6E-E	.	.
512MB	Kingston	KVR667D2N5/512	Kingston	SS	D6408TE8WL-27	.	.
1G	Kingston	KVR667D2N5/1G	Kingston	DS	D6408TE8WL-3	.	.
512MB	Samsung	KR M378T6553CZ0-CE6	Samsung	SS	K4T51083QC	.	.
512MB	Samsung	KR M378T6453FZ0-CE6	Samsung	DS	K4T56083QF-ZCE6	.	.
512MB	Samsung	M378T6553CZ3-CE6	Samsung	SS	K4T51083QC-ZCE6	.	.
1G	Samsung	M378T2953CZ3-CE6	Samsung	DS	K4T51083QC-ZCE6	.	.
1G	Samsung	KR M378T2953CZ0-CE6	Samsung	DS	K4T51083QC-ZCE6	.	.
256MB	Qimonda	HYS64T32000HU-3S-A	Qimonda	SS	HYB18T512160AF-3SSSS17310	.	.
512MB	Qimonda	HYS64T32000HU-3S-A	Qimonda	SS	HYB18T5128000AF-3SSSS27416	.	.
512MB	Qimonda	HYS64T64000HU-3S-A	Qimonda	SS	HYB18T512800AF3SFSS05346	.	.
1G	Qimonda	HYS64T128020HU-3S-A	Qimonda	DS	HYB18T512800AF3SSSS28104	.	.
512MB	Corsair	VS512MB667D2	Corsair	DS	MII0052532M8CEC	.	.
512MB	Corsair	CM2X512-5400C4	Corsair	SS	Heat-Sink Package	.	.
1G	Corsair	VS1GB667D2	Corsair	DS	MID095D62864M8CEC	.	.
512MB	HY	HYMP564U64AP8-Y4 AA	Hynix	SS	HY5PS12821AFP-Y4	.	.
512MB	HY	HYMP564U64AP8-Y5 AA	Hynix	SS	HY5PS12821AFP-Y5	.	.
1G	HY	HYMP512U64AP8-Y5 AB	Hynix	DS	HY5PS12821AFP-Y5	.	.
512MB	Kingmax	KLCC28F-A8EB5	Elpida	SS	E5108AE-6E-E	.	.
512MB	Kingmax	KLCC28F-A8KB5	Kingmax	SS	KKEA88B4LAUG-29DX	.	.
1G	Kingmax	KLCD48F-A8KB5	Kingmax	DS	KKEA88B4LAUG-29DX	.	.
512MB	Apacer	78.91092.420	Elpida	SS	E5108AE-6E-E	.	.
512MB	Apacer	AU512E667C5KBGC	Apacer	SS	AM4B5708MJS7E0627B	.	.
512MB	Apacer	AU512E667C5KBGC	Apacer	SS	AM4B5708GQJS7E06332F	.	.
1G	Apacer	AU01GE667C5KBGC	Apacer	DS	AM4B5708GQJS7E06336B	.	.
1G	Apacer	78.01092.420	Elpida	DS	E5108AE-6E-E	.	.
1G	Apacer	AU01GE667C5KBGC	Apacer	DS	AM4B5708MJS7E0627B	.	.
512MB	ADATA	M20EL5G3H3160B1C0Z	Elpida	SS	E5108AE-6E-E	.	.
512MB	ADATA	M20AD5G3H316611C52	ADATA	SS	AD29608A8A-3EG20648	.	.
1G	ADATA	M20AD5G3H316611C52	ADATA	DS	AD29608A8A-3EG20645	.	.
512MB	VDATA	M2GVD5G3H31A41C52	VDATA	SS	VD29608A8A-3EG20615	.	.
512MB	VDATA	M2YVD5G3H31P411C52	VDATA	SS	VD29608A8A-3EG20627	.	.
512MB	VDATA	M2GVD5G3H16611C52	VDATA	SS	VD29608A8A-3EG20637	.	.
1G	VDATA	M2GVD5G3H1P611C52	VDATA	DS	VD29608A8A-3EG20627	.	.
1G	VDATA	M2GVD5G3H1C411C52	VDATA	DS	VD29608A8A-3EG20620	.	.
1G	VDATA	M2GVD5G3H1781C52	VDATA	DS	VD29608A8A-3EG20641	.	.
512MB	Smart	T3D2667C48S	MTRI	SS	G64M8X84GT4X4AUUP 0629	.	.
1G	Smart	TB4D2667C58D	Smart	DS	G64M8XBJMX4TUE 0623	.	.
512MB	PSC	AL6E8E63B-6E1K	PSC	SS	A3R12E3GEF637BLC5N	.	.
1G	PSC	AL7E8E63B-6E1K	PSC	DS	A3R12E3GEF637BLC5N	.	.
512MB	MDT	MDT 512MB	MDT	SS	18D51280D-30648	.	.
1G	MDT	MDT 1024MB	MDT	DS	18D51200D-3D646	.	.
1G	MDT	MDT 1024MB	MDT	DS	18D51280D-30646E	.	.
256MB	Nanya	NT256T64UH4A1FY-3C	Nanya	SS	NT5TU32M16AG-3C	.	.
512MB	Nanya	NT512T64U88A1BY-3C	Nanya	SS	NT5TU64M8AE-3C	.	.
1G	PQI	DDR2-667U 1G	Hynix	DS	HY5PS12821BFP-E3 A	.	.

(continued on the next page)

Size	Vendor	Model	Brand	Side(s)	Component	DIMM support	
						A	B
512MB	AENEON	AET660UD00-30DA98Z	AENEON	SS	AET93F30DA 0552	•	•
512MB	AENEON	AET660UD00-30DB97X	AENEON	SS	AET93R300B 0634	•	•
1G	AENEON	AET760UD00-30DA98Z	AENEON	DS	AET93F30DA8EE47414G 0540	•	•
512MB	AENEON	AET660UD00-30DA98Z	AENEON	SS	AET93F300A 0606	•	•
1G	AENEON	AET760UD00-30DA98Z	AENEON	DS	AET93F30DA 0604	•	•
1G	AENEON	AET760UD00-30DB97X	AENEON	DS	AET93R300B 0639	•	•
512MB	VERITECH	GTP512HMT45EG	VERITECH	SS	VTD264M8PC6G01A164129621	•	•
1G	VERITECH	GTP01GHMT55EG	VERITECH	DS	VTD264M8PC6G01A164129621	•	•
512MB	GEIL	GX21GB5300DC	GEIT	SS	Heat-Sink Package	•	•
512MB	TEAM	TVDD512M667C5	TEAM	SS	T2D648MT-6	•	•
1G	TEAM	TVDD1.02M667C4	TEAM	DS	T2D648PT-6	•	•
512MB	Century	CENTURY 512MB	Nanya	SS	NT5TU64M8AE-3C	•	•
512MB	Century	CENTURY 512MB	Hynix	SS	HY5PS12821AFP-Y5	•	•
1G	Century	CENTURY 1G	Hynix	DS	HY5PS12821AFP-Y5	•	•
1G	Century	CENTURY 1G	Nanya	DS	NT5TU64M8AE-3C	•	•
512MB	KINGBOX	512MB 667MHz	KINGBOX	SS	EPD264082200-4	•	•
1G	KINGBOX	DDRII 1G 667MHz	KINGBOX	DS	EPD264082200-4	•	•

**Side(s):** **SS** - Single Sided

**DS** - Double Sided

**DIMM Support:**

**A** - supports one module inserted into either slot, in a Single-channel memory configuration.

**B** - supports one pair of modules inserted into the blue slots or the black slots as one pair of Dual-channel memory configuration.



Visit the ASUS website ([www.asus.com](http://www.asus.com)) for the latest memory Qualified Vendor List (QVL).

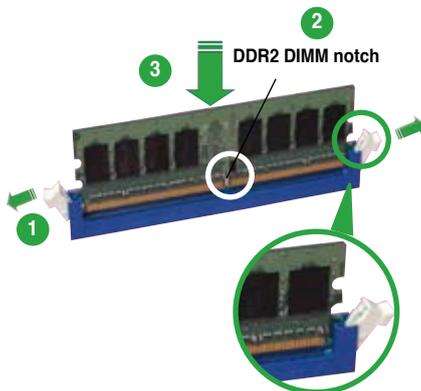
## 1.7.4 Installing a DIMM



Unplug the power supply before adding or removing DIMMs or other system components. Failure to do so can cause severe damage to both the motherboard and the components.

To install a DIMM:

1. Unlock a DIMM socket by pressing the retaining clips outward.
2. Align a DIMM on the socket such that the notch on the DIMM matches the break on the socket.
3. Firmly insert the DIMM into the socket until the retaining clips snap back in place and the DIMM is properly seated.



Unlocked retaining clip



- A DDR2 DIMM is keyed with a notch so that it fits in only one direction. Do not force a DIMM into a socket to avoid damaging the DIMM.
- The DDR2 DIMM sockets do not support DDR DIMMs. DO not install DDR DIMMs to the DDR2 DIMM sockets.

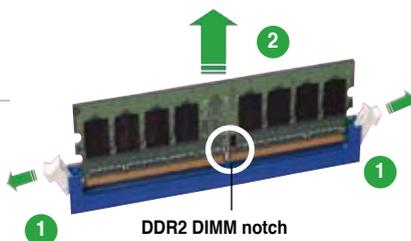
## 1.7.5 Removing a DIMM

Follow these steps to remove a DIMM.

1. Simultaneously press the retaining clips outward to unlock the DIMM.



Support the DIMM lightly with your fingers when pressing the retaining clips. The DIMM might get damaged when it flips out with extra force.



2. Remove the DIMM from the socket.

## 1.8 Expansion slots

In the future, you may need to install expansion cards. The following sub-sections describe the slots and the expansion cards that they support.



---

Make sure to unplug the power cord before adding or removing expansion cards. Failure to do so may cause you physical injury and damage motherboard components.

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### 1.8.1 Installing an expansion card

To install an expansion card:

1. Before installing the expansion card, read the documentation that came with it and make the necessary hardware settings for the card.
2. Remove the system unit cover (if your motherboard is already installed in a chassis).
3. Remove the bracket opposite the slot that you intend to use. Keep the screw for later use.
4. Align the card connector with the slot and press firmly until the card is completely seated on the slot.
5. Secure the card to the chassis with the screw you removed earlier.
6. Replace the system cover.

### 1.8.2 Configuring an expansion card

After installing the expansion card, configure it by adjusting the software settings.

1. Turn on the system and change the necessary BIOS settings, if any. See Chapter 2 for information on BIOS setup.
2. Assign an IRQ to the card. Refer to the tables on the next page.
3. Install the software drivers for the expansion card.

## 1.8.3 Interrupt assignments

### Standard interrupt assignments

IRQ	Standard Function
0	System Timer
1	Keyboard Controller
2	Re-direct to IRQ#9
4	Communications Port (COM1)*
5	IRQ holder for PCI steering*
6	Floppy Disk Controller
7	Printer Port (LPT1)*
8	System CMOS/Real Time Clock
9	IRQ holder for PCI steering*
10	IRQ holder for PCI steering*
11	IRQ holder for PCI steering*
12	PS/2 Compatible Mouse Port*
13	Numeric Data Processor
14	Primary IDE Channel

\* These IRQs are usually available for PCI devices.

### IRQ assignments for this motherboard

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H
PCI slot 1	—	—	—	—	—	shared	—	—
PCI Express x16 slot	shared	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
PCI Express x1 slot	shared	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Onboard USB controller 1	—	—	—	—	shared	—	—	—
Onboard USB controller 2	—	—	shared	—	—	—	—	—
Onboard USB controller 3	—	—	—	shared	—	—	—	—
Onboard USB 2.0 controller	—	—	—	—	shared	—	—	—
Onboard HD audio	—	—	—	shared	—	—	—	—
Onboard LAN	—	—	—	—	used	—	—	—
IDE controller	—	—	—	—	—	—	shared	—
SATA controller	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	shared



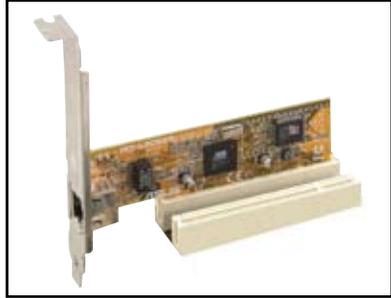
When using PCI cards on shared slots, ensure that the drivers support “Share IRQ” or that the cards do not need IRQ assignments. Otherwise, conflicts will arise between the two PCI groups, making the system unstable and the card inoperable.

### 1.8.4 PCI slots

The PCI slots support cards such as a LAN card, SCSI card, USB card, and other cards that comply with PCI specifications. The figure shows a LAN card installed on a PCI slot.

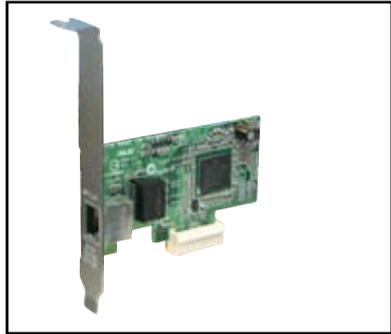


If you install a PCI graphics card, we recommend that you remove the onboard graphics card driver.



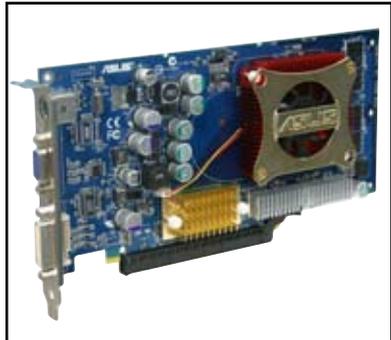
### 1.8.5 PCI Express x1

This motherboard supports PCI Express x1 network cards, SCSI cards and other cards that comply with the PCI Express specifications. The figure shows a network card installed on the PCI Express x1 slot.



### 1.8.6 PCI Express x16

This motherboard supports one PCI Express x16 graphics card. The figure shows a graphics card installed on the PCI Express x16 slot.



# 1.9 Jumpers

## 1. Clear RTC RAM (CLRRTC)

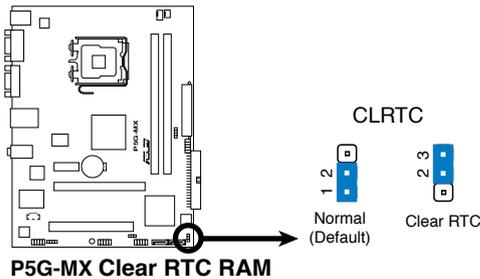
This jumper allows you to clear the Real Time Clock (RTC) RAM in CMOS. You can clear the CMOS memory of date, time, and system setup parameters by erasing the CMOS RTC RAM data. The onboard button cell battery powers the RAM data in CMOS, which include system setup information such as system passwords.

To erase the RTC RAM:

1. Turn OFF the computer and unplug the power cord.
2. Remove the onboard battery.
3. Move the jumper cap from pins 1-2 (default) to pins 2-3. Keep the cap on pins 2-3 for about 5~10 seconds, then move the cap back to pins 1-2.
4. Re-install the battery.
5. Plug the power cord and turn ON the computer.
6. Hold down the <Del> key during the boot process and enter BIOS setup to re-enter data.

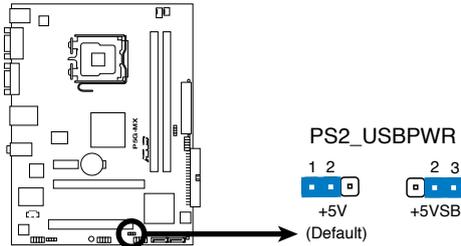


Except when clearing the RTC RAM, never remove the cap on the CLRRTC jumper. Removing the cap will cause system boot failure!



## 2. USB device wake-up (3-pin PS2\_USBPWR)

This jumper allows you to enable or disable the keyboard wake-up feature. Set this jumper to pins 2-3 (+5VSB) to wake up the computer when you press a key on the keyboard (the default is the Space Bar). This feature requires an ATX power supply that can supply at least 500 mA on the +5VSB lead, and a corresponding setting in the BIOS.



### P5G-MX USB Device Wake Up



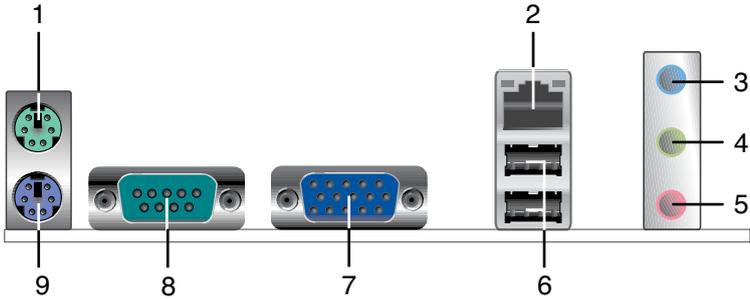
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The total current consumed must NOT exceed the power supply capability (+5VSB) whether under normal condition or in sleep mode.

---

# 1.10 Connectors

## 1.10.1 Rear panel connectors



1. **PS/2 mouse port (green).** This port is for a PS/2 mouse.
2. **LAN (RJ-45) port.** This port allows 10/100 Mbps connection to a Local Area Network (LAN) through a network hub.
3. **Line In port (light blue).** This port connects the tape, CD, DVD player, or other audio sources.
4. **Line Out port (lime).** This port connects a headphone or a speaker. In 4-channel, and 6-channel configuration, the function of this port becomes Front Speaker Out.
5. **Microphone port (pink).** This port connects a microphone.



Refer to the audio configuration below for the function of the audio ports in 2, 4, or 6-channel configuration.

### Audio 2, 4, or 6-channel configuration

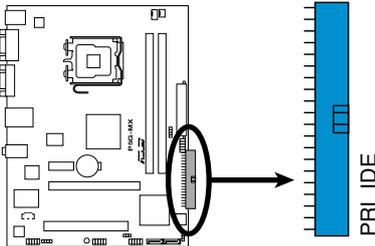
Port	Headset 2-channel	4-channel	6-channel
Light Blue	Line In	Rear Speaker Out	Rear Speaker Out
Lime	Line Out	Front Speaker Out	Front Speaker Out
Pink	Mic In	Mic In	Bass/Center

6. **USB 2.0 ports 1 and 2.** These two 4-pin Universal Serial Bus (USB) ports are available for connecting USB 2.0 devices.
7. **VGA port.** This port is for a VGA monitor or other VGA-compatible devices.
8. **Serial port.** This 9-pin COM1 port is for pointing devices or other serial devices.
9. **PS/2 keyboard port (purple).** This port is for a PS/2 keyboard.

## 1.10.2 Internal connectors

### 1. IDE connectors (40-1 pin PRI\_IDE)

The onboard IDE connectors are for Ultra DMA 100/66/33 signal cables. There are three connectors on each Ultra DMA 100/66/33 signal cable: blue, black, and gray. Connect the blue connector to the motherboard's IDE connector, then select one of the following modes to configure your device(s).



**P5G-MX IDE Connector**

	Drive jumper setting	Mode of device(s)	Cable connector
Single device	Cable-Select or Master	-	Black
Two devices	Cable-Select	Master	Black
		Slave	Gray
	Master	Master	Black or gray
	Slave	Slave	



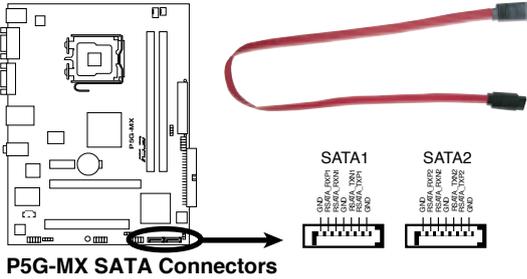
- Pin 20 on the IDE connector is removed to match the covered hole on the Ultra DMA cable connector. This prevents incorrect insertion when you connect the IDE cable.
- Use the 80-conductor IDE cable for Ultra DMA 100/66/33 IDE devices.



If any device jumper is set as "Cable-Select," make sure all other device jumpers have the same setting.

## 2. Serial ATA connectors (7-pin SATA1, SATA2)

These connectors are for the Serial ATA signal cables for Serial ATA hard disk drives.



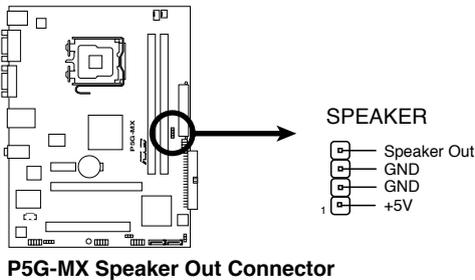
When using the connectors in Standard IDE mode, connect the primary (boot) hard disk drive to the SATA1/2 connector. Refer to the table below for the recommended SATA hard disk drive connections.

### Serial ATA hard disk drive connection

Connector	Color	Setting	Use
SATA1/2	Red	Master	Boot disk

## 3. Speaker connector (4-pin SPEAKER)

This 4-pin connector is for the chassis-mounted system warning speaker. The speaker allows you to hear system beeps and warnings.

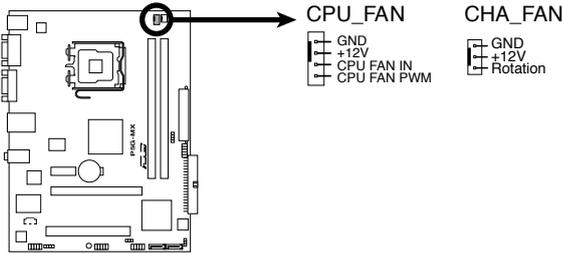


**4. CPU and Chassis fan connectors (4-pin CPU\_FAN, 3-pin CHA\_FAN)**

The fan connectors support cooling fans of a total of 1A~2.2A (26.4W max.) at +12V. Connect the fan cables to the fan connectors on the motherboard, making sure that the black wire of each cable matches the ground pin of the connector.



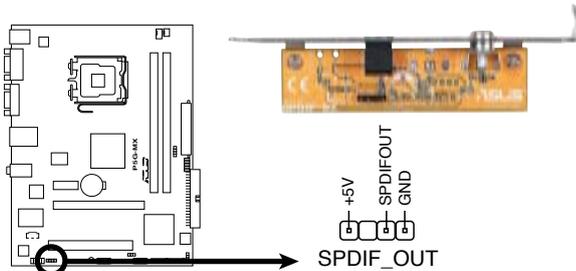
Do not forget to connect the fan cables to the fan connectors. Insufficient air flow inside the system may damage the motherboard components. These are not jumpers! DO NOT place jumper caps on the fan connectors.



**P5G-MX Fan Connectors**

**5. Digital Audio connector (4-1 pin SPDIF\_OUT)**

This connector is for the S/PDIF audio module to allow digital sound output. Connect one end of the S/PDIF audio cable to this connector and the other end to the S/PDIF module.



**P5G-MX Digital Audio Connector**



The S/PDIF out module is purchased separately.

## 6. ATX power connectors (24-pin EATXPWR and 4-pin ATX12V)

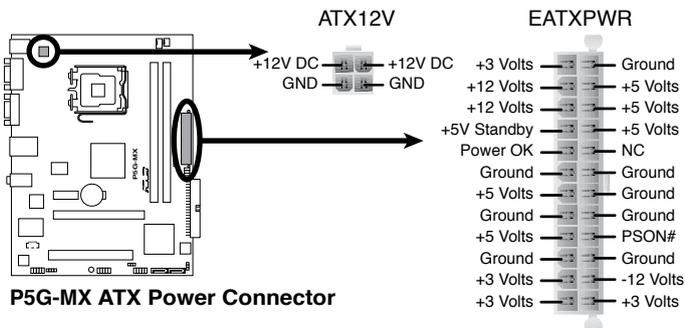
These connectors are for ATX power supply plugs. The power supply plugs are designed to fit these connectors in only one orientation. Find the proper orientation and push down firmly until the connectors completely fit.



- Do not forget to connect the 4-pin ATX +12 V power plug; otherwise, the system will not boot.
- Use of a PSU with a higher power output is recommended when configuring a system with more power-consuming devices. The system may become unstable or may not boot up if the power is inadequate.
- Make sure that your power supply unit (PSU) can provide at least the minimum power required by your system.
- If you intend to use a PSU with 20-pin and 4-pin power plugs, make sure that the 20-pin power plug can provide at least 15A on +12V and that the PSU has a minimum power rating of 350 W. The system may become unstable or may not boot up if the power is inadequate.
- The ATX 12 V Specification 2.0-compliant PSU passed the motherboard power requirement test with the following configuration:

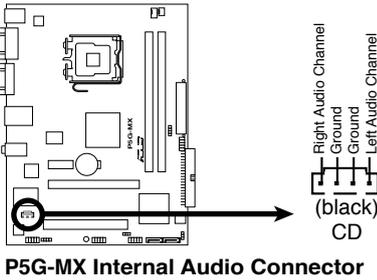
CPU	:	Intel® Pentium® 4 3.6 GHz
Memory	:	512 MB DDR (x 4)
Graphics card	:	PCI Express x16 Nvidia EN5900
Parallel ATA devices	:	IDE hard disk drive (x 2)
Serial ATA device	:	SATA hard disk drive
Optical drive	:	CD-ROM (x2)
SCSI devices	:	SCSI card and SCSI hard disk drive

- You must install a PSU with a higher power rating if you intend to install additional devices.



## 7. Optical drive audio connector (4-pin CD)

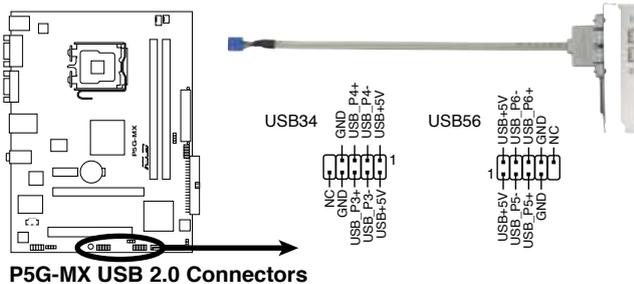
This connector allows you to receive stereo audio input from sound sources such as a CD-ROM, TV tuner, or MPEG card.



Enable the CD-IN function in the audio utility when using this connector.

## 8. USB connectors (10-1 pin USB34, USB56)

These connectors are for USB 2.0 ports. Connect the USB module cable to any of these connectors, then install the module to a slot opening at the back of the system chassis. These USB connectors comply with USB 2.0 specification that supports up to 480 Mbps connection speed.



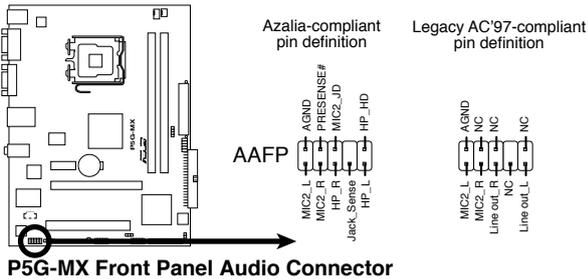
Never connect a 1394 cable to the USB connectors. Doing so will damage the motherboard!



The USB module is purchased separately.

## 9. Front panel audio connector (10-1 pin AAFP)

This connector is for a chassis-mounted front panel audio I/O module that supports either HD Audio or legacy AC'97 audio standard.



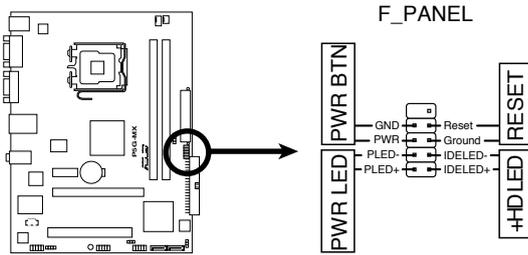
**P5G-MX Front Panel Audio Connector**



- We recommend that you connect a high-definition front panel audio module to this connector to avail of the motherboard's high-definition audio capability.
- By default, this connector is set to HD Audio. If you want to connect a High Definition front panel audio module to this connector, set the **Front Panel Support Type** item in the BIOS to [HD Audio]. See section "2.4.4 Onboard Device Configuration" for details.

## 10. System panel connector (10-1 pin F\_PANEL)

This connector supports several chassis-mounted functions.



**P5G-MX System Panel Connector**

- **System power LED (2-pin PWRLED)**

This 2-pin connector is for the system power LED. Connect the chassis power LED cable to this connector. The system power LED lights up when you turn on the system power, and blinks when the system is in sleep mode.

- **Hard disk drive activity LED (2-pin HDLED)**

This 2-pin connector is for the HDD Activity LED. Connect the HDD Activity LED cable to this connector. The IDE LED lights up or flashes when data is read from or written to the HDD.

- **ATX power button/soft-off button (2-pin PWRBTN)**

This connector is for the system power button. Pressing the power button turns the system on or puts the system in sleep or soft-off mode depending on the BIOS settings. Pressing the power switch for more than four seconds while the system is ON turns the system OFF.

- **Reset button (2-pin RESET)**

This 2-pin connector is for the chassis-mounted reset button for system reboot without turning off the system power.

This chapter tells how to change the system settings through the BIOS Setup menus. Detailed descriptions of the BIOS parameters are also provided.

# BIOS setup **2**

## 2.1 Managing and updating your BIOS

The following utilities allow you to manage and update the motherboard Basic Input/Output System (BIOS) setup.

1. **ASUS EZ Flash** (Updates the BIOS in DOS with the motherboard support CD.)
2. **ASUS AFUDOS** (Updates the BIOS in DOS mode using a bootable floppy disk.)



---

All the floppy devices mentioned in this chapter are USB floppy devices.

---

3. **ASUS CrashFree BIOS 2** (Updates the BIOS using the motherboard support CD when the BIOS file fails or gets corrupted.)
4. **ASUS Update** (Updates the BIOS in Windows® environment.)

Refer to the corresponding sections for details on these utilities.



---

Save a copy of the original motherboard BIOS file to a bootable floppy disk in case you need to restore the BIOS in the future. Copy the original motherboard BIOS using the ASUS Update or AFUDOS utilities.

---

### 2.1.1 Creating a bootable floppy disk

1. Do either one of the following to create a bootable floppy disk.
  - DOS environment*
    - a. Insert a 1.44MB floppy disk into the drive.
    - b. At the DOS prompt, type `format A: /s` then press <Enter>.
  - Windows® XP environment*
    - a. Insert a 1.44 MB floppy disk to the floppy disk drive.



---

The floppy device used here is a USB floppy device.

---

- b. Click **Start** from the Windows® desktop, then select **My Computer**.
- c. Select the 3 1/2 Floppy Drive icon.
- d. Click **File** from the menu, then select **Format**. A **Format 3 1/2 Floppy Disk** window appears.
- e. Select **Create an MS-DOS startup disk** from the format options field, then click **Start**.

### Windows® Vista environment

- a. Insert a formatted, high density 1.44 MB floppy disk to the floppy disk drive.
  - b. Click  from the Windows® desktop, then select **Computer**.
  - c. Right-click **Floppy Disk Drive** then click **Format** to display the **Format 3 1/2 Floppy** dialog box.
  - d. Select the **Create an MS-DOS startup disk** check box.
  - e. Click **Start**.
2. Copy the original or the latest motherboard BIOS file to the bootable floppy disk.

## 2.1.2 ASUS EZ Flash utility

The ASUS EZ Flash feature allows you to update the BIOS without having to go through the long process of booting from a support CD. The EZ Flash utility is built-in the BIOS chip so it is accessible by pressing <Alt> + <F2> during the Power-On Self Tests (POST).

To update the BIOS using EZ Flash:

1. Visit the ASUS website ([www.asus.com](http://www.asus.com)) to download the latest BIOS file for the motherboard and rename the same to P5GMX.ROM.



---

Make sure to choose the right BIOS files from ASUS website according to the version of your mother board. Refer to your Printed Circuit Board (PCB) for version information.

---

2. Press <Alt> + <F2> during POST to display the following.

```
EZFlash starting BIOS update
Checking for CD-ROM...
```

3. Insert the support CD that contains the BIOS file to the optical drive. When the correct BIOS file is found, EZ Flash performs the BIOS update process and automatically reboots the system when done.

```
EZFlash starting BIOS update
Checking for CD-ROM...
CD-ROM found!
Reading file "P5GMX.ROM". Completed.
Start erasing.....|
Start programming...|
Flashed successfully. Rebooting.
```



- Do not shut down or reset the system while updating the BIOS to prevent system boot failure!
  - A "CD-ROM not found!" error message appears if there is no support CD in the drive. A "P5GMX.ROM not found!" error message appears if the correct BIOS file is not found in the support CD. Make sure that you rename the BIOS file to P5GMX.ROM.
-

### 2.1.3 AFUDOS utility

The AFUDOS utility allows you to update the BIOS file in DOS environment using a bootable floppy disk with the updated BIOS file. This utility also allows you to copy the current BIOS file that you can use as backup when the BIOS fails or gets corrupted during the updating process.

#### Copying the current BIOS

To copy the current BIOS file using the AFUDOS utility:



- Make sure that the floppy disk is not write-protected and has at least 1024KB free space to save the file.
- The succeeding BIOS screens are for reference only. The actual BIOS screen displays may not be same as shown.

1. Copy the AFUDOS utility (afudos.exe) from the motherboard support CD to the bootable floppy disk you created earlier.
2. Boot the system in DOS mode, then at the prompt type:

```
afudos /o[filename]
```

where the [filename] is any user-assigned filename not more than eight alphanumeric characters for the main filename and three alphanumeric characters for the extension name.

```
A:\>afudos /oOLDBIOS1.rom
```

Main filename      Extension name

3. Press <Enter>. The utility copies the current BIOS file to the floppy disk.

```
A:\>afudos /oOLDBIOS1.rom
AMI Firmware Update Utility - Version 1.19(ASUS V2.07(03.11.24BB))
Copyright (C) 2002 American Megatrends, Inc. All rights reserved.
  Reading flash ..... done
  Write to file..... ok
A:\>
```

The utility returns to the DOS prompt after copying the current BIOS file.

## Updating the BIOS file

To update the BIOS file using the AFUDOS utility:

1. Visit the ASUS website ([www.asus.com](http://www.asus.com)) and download the latest BIOS file for the motherboard. Save the BIOS file to a bootable floppy disk.



Make sure to choose the right BIOS files from ASUS website according to the version of your motherboard. Refer to your Printed Circuit Board (PCB) for version information.



Write the BIOS filename on a piece of paper. You need to type the exact BIOS filename at the DOS prompt.

2. Copy the AFUDOS utility (`afudos.exe`) from the motherboard support CD to the bootable floppy disk you created earlier.
3. Boot the system in DOS mode, then at the prompt type:  
`afudos /i[filename]`

where [filename] is the latest or the original BIOS file on the bootable floppy disk.

```
A:\>afudos /iP5GMX.ROM
```

4. The utility verifies the file and starts updating the BIOS.

```
A:\>afudos /iP5GMX.ROM
AMI Firmware Update Utility - Version 1.19 (ASUS V2.07 (03.11.24BB))
Copyright (C) 2002 American Megatrends, Inc. All rights reserved.

WARNING!! Do not turn off power during flash BIOS
Reading file ..... done
Reading flash ..... done

Advance Check .....
Erasing flash ..... done
```



Do not shut down or reset the system while updating the BIOS to prevent system boot failure!

5. The utility returns to the DOS prompt after the BIOS update process is completed. Reboot the system from the hard disk drive.

```
A:\>afudos /iP5GMX.ROM
AMI Firmware Update Utility - Version 1.19 (ASUS V2.07 (03.11.24BB))
Copyright (C) 2002 American Megatrends, Inc. All rights reserved.

WARNING!! Do not turn off power during flash BIOS
Reading file ..... done
Reading flash ..... done

Advance Check .....
Erasing flash ..... done
Writing flash ..... done
Verifying flash .... done

Please restart your computer

A:\>
```

### 2.1.4 ASUS CrashFree BIOS 2 utility

The ASUS CrashFree BIOS 2 is an auto recovery tool that allows you to restore the BIOS file when it fails or gets corrupted during the updating process. You can update a corrupted BIOS file using the motherboard support CD that contains the updated BIOS file.



- Prepare the motherboard support CD containing the updated motherboard BIOS before using this utility.
- Make sure that you rename the original or updated BIOS file CD to **P5GMX.ROM**.

### Recovering the BIOS from the support CD

To recover the BIOS from the support CD:

1. Remove any USB floppy device, then turn on the system.
2. Insert the support CD to the optical drive.

```
Bad BIOS checksum. Starting BIOS recovery...
```

The utility automatically checks the optical drive for the original or updated BIOS file. The utility then updates the corrupted BIOS file.

```
Bad BIOS checksum. Starting BIOS recovery...
Checking for CD-ROM...
CD-ROM found!
Reading file "P5GMX.ROM". Completed.
Start flashing...
--
```



**DO NOT** shut down or reset the system while updating the BIOS! Doing so can cause system boot failure!

3. Restart the system after the utility completes the updating process.



The recovered BIOS may not be the latest BIOS version for this motherboard. Visit the ASUS website ([www.asus.com](http://www.asus.com)) to download the latest BIOS file.



Make sure to choose the right BIOS files according to the version of your mother board. Refer to your Printed Circuit Board (PCB) for version information.

## 2.1.5 ASUS Update utility

The ASUS Update is a utility that allows you to manage, save, and update the motherboard BIOS in Windows® environment. The ASUS Update utility allows you to:

- Save the current BIOS file
- Download the latest BIOS file from the Internet
- Update the BIOS from an updated BIOS file
- Update the BIOS directly from the Internet, and
- View the BIOS version information.

This utility is available in the support CD that comes with the motherboard package.



---

ASUS Update requires an Internet connection either through a network or an Internet Service Provider (ISP).

---

### Installing ASUS Update

To install ASUS Update:

1. Place the support CD in the optical drive. The **Drivers** menu appears.
2. Click the **Utilities** tab, then click **Install ASUS Update**.
3. The ASUS Update utility is copied to your system.



---

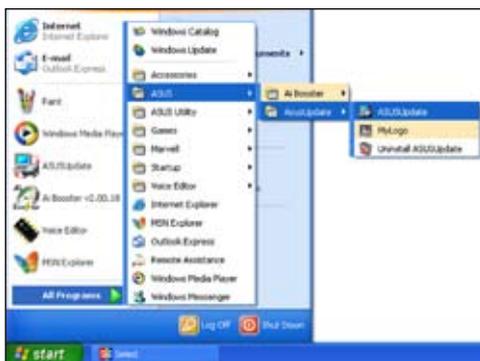
Quit all Windows® applications before you update the BIOS using this utility.

---

## Updating the BIOS through the Internet

To update the BIOS through the Internet:

1. Launch the ASUS Update utility from the Windows® desktop by clicking **Start > Programs > ASUS > ASUSUpdate > ASUSUpdate**. The ASUS Update main window appears.



2. Select **Update BIOS from the Internet** option from the drop-down menu, then click **Next**.



3. Select the ASUS FTP site nearest you to avoid network traffic, or click **Auto Select**. Click **Next**.

- From the FTP site, select the BIOS version that you wish to download. Click **Next**.
- Follow the screen instructions to complete the update process.



The ASUS Update utility is capable of updating itself through the Internet. Always update the utility to avail all its features.



### Updating the BIOS through a BIOS file

To update the BIOS through a BIOS file:

- Launch the ASUS Update utility from the Windows® desktop by clicking **Start > Programs > ASUS > ASUSUpdate > ASUSUpdate**. The ASUS Update main window appears.
- Select **Update BIOS from a file** option from the drop-down menu, then click **Next**.



- Locate the BIOS file from the **Open** window, then click **Open**.
- Follow the screen instructions to complete the update process.



## 2.2 BIOS setup program

This motherboard supports a programmable Serial Peripheral Interface (SPI) chip that you can update using the provided utility described in section “2.1 Managing and updating your BIOS.”

Use the BIOS Setup program when you are installing a motherboard, reconfiguring your system, or prompted to “Run Setup.” This section explains how to configure your system using this utility.

Even if you are not prompted to use the Setup program, you can change the configuration of your computer in the future. For example, you can enable the security password feature or change the power management settings. This requires you to reconfigure your system using the BIOS Setup program so that the computer can recognize these changes and record them in the CMOS RAM of the SPI chip.

The LPC chip on the motherboard stores the Setup utility. When you start up the computer, the system provides you with the opportunity to run this program. Press <Del> during the Power-On Self-Test (POST) to enter the Setup utility; otherwise, POST continues with its test routines.

If you wish to enter Setup after POST, reboot the system by doing any of the following procedures:

- Restart using the OS standard shut-down procedure.
- Press <Ctrl>+<Alt>+<Del> simultaneously.
- Press the reset button on the system chassis.
- Press the power button to turn the system off then back on.



---

Using the **power button**, **reset button**, or the <Ctrl>+<Alt>+<Del> keys to force reset from a running operating system can cause damage to your data or system. We recommend to always shut-down the system properly from the operating system.

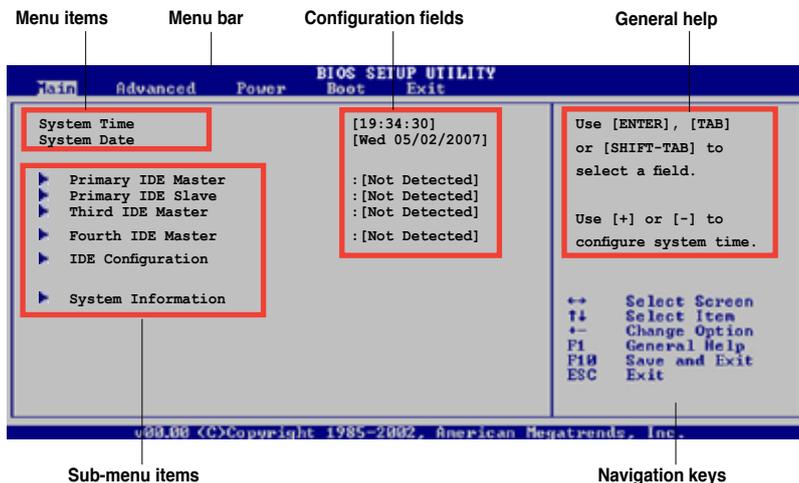
---

The Setup program is designed to make it as easy to use as possible. Being a menu-driven program, it lets you scroll through the various sub-menus and make your selections from the available options using the navigation keys.



- 
- The default BIOS settings for this motherboard apply for most conditions to ensure optimum performance. If the system becomes unstable after changing any BIOS settings, load the default settings to ensure system compatibility and stability. Select the **Load Default Settings** item under the Exit Menu. See section “2.7 Exit Menu.”
  - The BIOS setup screens shown in this section are for reference purposes only, and may not exactly match what you see on your screen.
  - Visit the ASUS website ([www.asus.com](http://www.asus.com)) to download the latest BIOS file for this motherboard.
-

## 2.2.1 BIOS menu screen



## 2.2.2 Menu bar

The menu bar on top of the screen has the following main items:

- Main** For changing the basic system configuration
- Advanced** For changing the advanced system settings
- Power** For changing the advanced power management (APM) configuration
- Boot** For changing the system boot configuration
- Exit** For selecting the exit options and loading default settings

To select an item on the menu bar, press the right or left arrow key on the keyboard until the desired item is highlighted.

## 2.2.3 Navigation keys

At the bottom right corner of a menu screen are the navigation keys for that particular menu. Use the navigation keys to select items in the menu and change the settings.



Some of the navigation keys differ from one screen to another.

## 2.2.4 Menu items

The highlighted item on the menu bar displays the specific items for that menu. For example, selecting Main shows the Main menu items.



Main menu items

The other items (Advanced, Power, Boot, and Exit) on the menu bar have their respective menu items.

## 2.2.5 Sub-menu items

A solid triangle before each item on any menu screen means that the item has a sub-menu. To display the sub-menu, select the item and press <Enter>.

## 2.2.6 Configuration fields

These fields show the values for the menu items. If an item is user-configurable, you can change the value of the field opposite the item. You cannot select an item that is not user-configurable.

A configurable field is enclosed in brackets, and is highlighted when selected. To change the value of a field, select it then press <Enter> to display a list of options. Refer to “2.2.7 Pop-up window.”

## 2.2.7 Pop-up window

Select a menu item then press <Enter> to display a pop-up window with the configuration options for that item.

## 2.2.8 Scroll bar

A scroll bar appears on the right side of a menu screen when there are items that do not fit on the screen. Press the Up/Down arrow keys or <Page Up> /<Page Down> keys to display the other items on the screen.



Pop-up window

Scroll bar

## 2.2.9 General help

At the top right corner of the menu screen is a brief description of the selected item.

## 2.3 Main menu

When you enter the BIOS Setup program, the Main menu screen appears, giving you an overview of the basic system information.



Refer to section “2.2.1 BIOS menu screen” for information on the menu screen items and how to navigate through them.



### 2.3.1 System Time [xx:xx:xx]

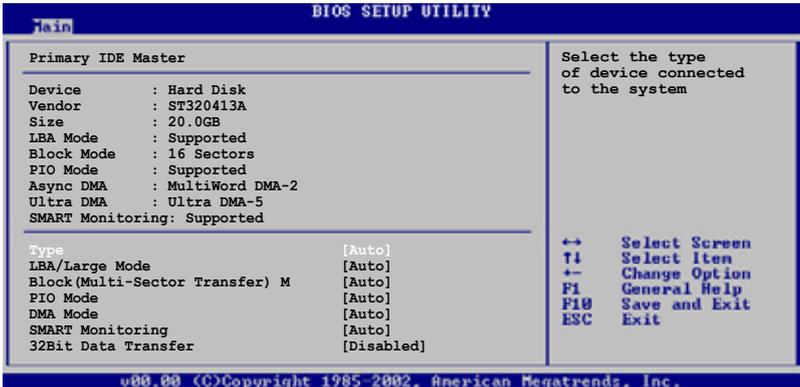
Allows you to set the system time.

### 2.3.2 System Date [Day xx/xx/xxxx]

Allows you to set the system date.

### 2.3.3 Primary, Third and Fourth IDE Master/Slave

While entering Setup, the BIOS automatically detects the presence of IDE devices. There is a separate sub-menu for each IDE device. Select a device item then press <Enter> to display the IDE device information.



The BIOS automatically detects the values opposite the dimmed items (Device, Vendor, Size, LBA Mode, Block Mode, PIO Mode, Async DMA, Ultra DMA, and SMART monitoring). These values are not user-configurable. These items show N/A if no IDE device is installed in the system.

#### Type [Auto]

Selects the type of IDE drive. Setting to Auto allows automatic selection of the appropriate IDE device type. Select CDROM if you are specifically configuring a CD-ROM drive. Select ARMD (ATAPI Removable Media Device) if your device is either a ZIP, LS-120, or MO drive. Configuration options: [Not Installed] [Auto] [CDROM] [ARMD]

#### LBA/Large Mode [Auto]

Enables or disables the LBA mode. Setting to Auto enables the LBA mode if the device supports this mode, and if the device was not previously formatted with LBA mode disabled. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Auto]

#### Block (Multi-Sector Transfer) M [Auto]

Enables or disables data multi-sectors transfers. When set to Auto, the data transfer from and to the device occurs multiple sectors at a time if the device supports multi-sector transfer feature. When set to [Disabled], the data transfer from and to the device occurs one sector at a time. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Auto]

### PIO Mode [Auto]

Selects the PIO mode.

Configuration options: [Auto] [0] [1] [2] [3] [4]

### DMA Mode [Auto]

Selects the DMA mode. Configuration options: [Auto]

### SMART Monitoring [Auto]

Sets the Smart Monitoring, Analysis, and Reporting Technology.

Configuration options: [Auto] [Disabled] [Enabled]

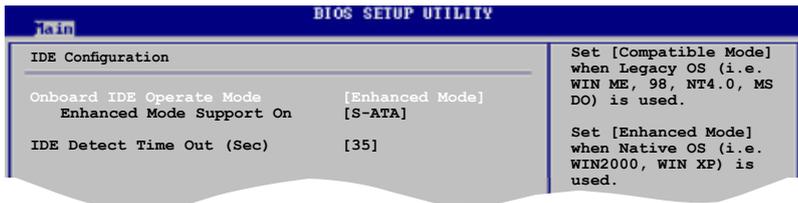
### 32Bit Data Transfer [Disabled]

Enables or disables 32-bit data transfer.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

## 2.3.4 IDE Configuration

The items in this menu allow you to set or change the configurations for the IDE devices installed in the system. Select an item then press <Enter> if you wish to configure the item.



### Onboard IDE Operate Mode [Enhanced Mode]

Disables or allows selection of the IDE operation mode depending on the operating system (OS) that you installed. Set to Enhanced Mode if you are using native OS, such as Windows® XP/Vista.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Compatible Mode] [Enhanced Mode]

### Enhanced Mode Support On [S-ATA]

The default setting S-ATA allows you to use native OS on Serial ATA and Parallel ATA ports. We recommend that you do not change the default setting for better OS compatibility. In this setting, you may use legacy OS on the Parallel ATA ports only if you did not install any Serial ATA device.

The P-ATA+S-ATA and P-ATA options are for advanced users only. If you set to any of these options and encounter problems, revert to the default setting S-ATA. Configuration options: [S-ATA+P-ATA] [S-ATA] [P-ATA]

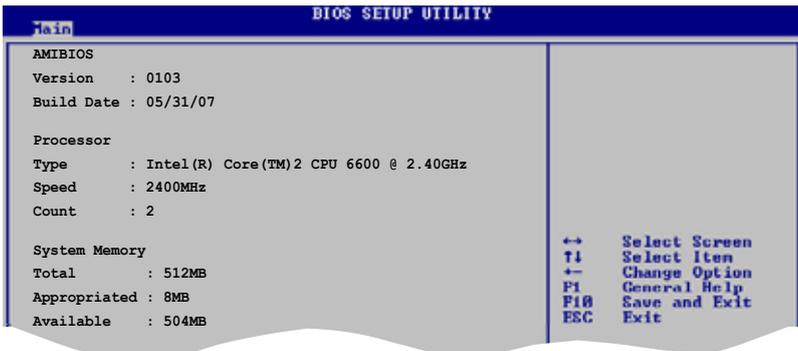
## **IDE Detect Time Out (Sec) [35]**

Selects the time out value for detecting ATA/ATAPI devices.

Configuration options: [0] [5] [10] [15] [20] [25] [30] [35]

## **2.3.5 System Information**

This menu gives you an overview of the general system specifications. The BIOS automatically detects the items in this menu.



### **AMI BIOS**

Displays the auto-detected BIOS information

### **Processor**

Displays the auto-detected CPU specification

### **System Memory**

Displays the auto-detected system memory

## 2.4 Advanced menu

The Advanced menu items allow you to change the settings for the CPU and other system devices.

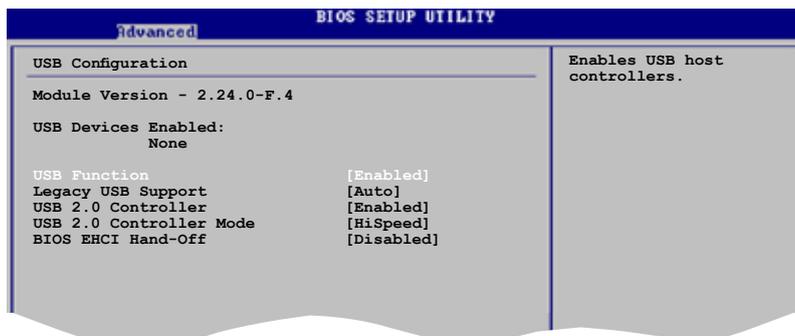


Take caution when changing the settings of the Advanced menu items. Incorrect field values can cause the system to malfunction.



### 2.4.1 USB Configuration

The items in this menu allows you to change the USB-related features. Select an item then press <Enter> to display the configuration options.



The Module Version and USB Devices Enabled items show the auto-detected values. If no USB device is detected, the item shows None.

**USB Function [Enabled]**

Allows you to enable or disable the USB function.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

**Legacy USB Support [Auto]**

Allows you to enable or disable support for USB devices on legacy operating systems (OS). Setting to Auto allows the system to detect the presence of USB devices at startup. If detected, the USB controller legacy mode is enabled. If no USB device is detected, the legacy USB support is disabled. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled] [Auto]

**USB 2.0 Controller [Enabled]**

Allows you to enable or disable the USB 2.0 controller.

Configuration options: [Enabled] [Disabled]

**USB 2.0 Controller Mode [HiSpeed]**

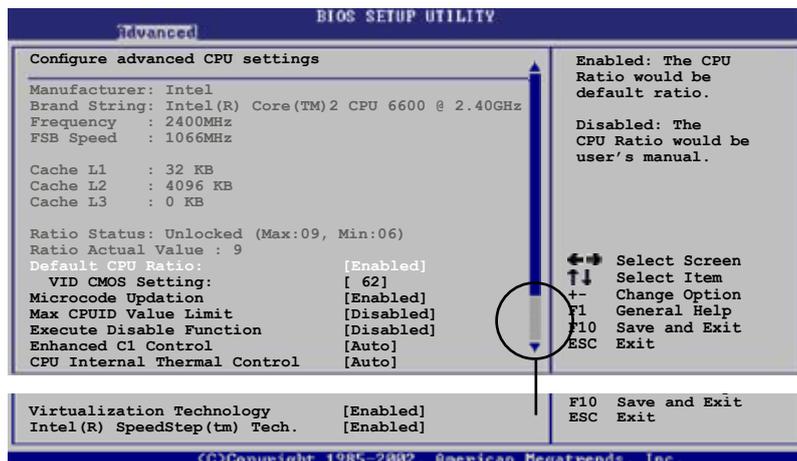
Allows you to configure the USB 2.0 controller in HiSpeed (480 Mbps) or Full Speed (12 Mbps). Configuration options: [FullSpeed] [HiSpeed]

**BIOS EHCI Hand-Off [Disabled]**

Allows you to enable support for operating systems without an EHCI hand-off feature. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

## 2.4.2 CPU Configuration

The items in this menu show the CPU-related information that the BIOS automatically detects.



### Default CPU Ratio [Enabled ]

Allows you to enable or disable default CPU ratio.

Configuration options: [Enabled] [Disabled]

### VID CMOS Setting [ 62]

Allows you to set the VID CMOS setting at which the processor is to run. The BIOS auto-detects the default value of this item. Use the <+> or <-> keys to adjust the values.

### Microcode Updation [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the microcode updation.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

### Max CPUID Value Limit [Disabled]

Enable this item to boot legacy operating systems that cannot support CPUs with extended CPUID functions.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

### Execute Disable Function [Disabled]

Enables or disables the Execute Disable function. This item appears only when you install a processor with the Execute Disable function.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

## Enhanced C1 Control [Auto]

When set to [Auto], the BIOS will automatically check the CPU's capability to enable the C1E support. In C1E mode, the CPU power consumption is lower when idle. Configuration options: [Auto] [Disabled]

## CPU Internal Thermal Control [Auto]

Disables or sets the CPU internal thermal control.  
Configuration options: [Auto] [Disabled]

## Virtualization Technology [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the processor Virtualization Technology.  
Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]



The following item appears only when you installed an Intel® Core™ 2 Duo and later processors that supports the Enhanced Intel SpeedStep® Technology (EIST).

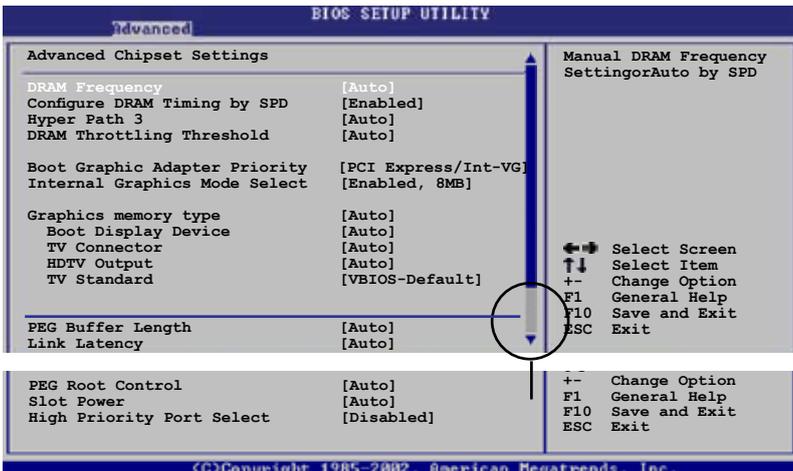
## Intel(R) SpeedStep(TM) tech [Enabled]

Allows you to use the Enhanced Intel SpeedStep® Technology. When set to [Enabled], you can adjust the system power settings in the operating system to use the EIST feature.

Set this item to [Disabled] if you do not want to use the EIST.  
Configuration options: [Enabled] [Disabled]

## 2.4.3 Chipset

The Chipset menu allows you to change the advanced chipset settings. Select an item then press <Enter> to display the sub-menu.



## DRAM Frequency [Auto]

Allows you to set the DDR2 operating frequency.

Configuration options: [Auto] [533 Mhz] [667 Mhz]



Selecting a very high DRAM frequency may cause the system to become unstable! If this happens, revert to the default setting.

## Configure DRAM Timing by SPD [Enabled]

When this item is enabled, the DRAM timing parameters are set according to the DRAM SPD (Serial Presence Detect). When disabled, you can manually set the DRAM timing parameters through the DRAM sub-items. The following sub-items appear when this item is Disabled. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

### DRAM CAS# Latency [5 Clocks]

Controls the latency between the SDRAM read command and the time the data actually becomes available.

Configuration options: [6 Clocks] [5 Clocks] [4 Clocks] [3 Clocks]

### DRAM RAS# Precharge [4 Clocks]

Controls the idle clocks after issuing a precharge command to the DDR SDRAM. Configuration options: [2 Clocks] [3 Clocks] [4 Clocks] [5 Clocks] [6 Clocks]

### DRAM RAS# to CAS# Delay [4 Clocks]

Controls the latency between the DDR SDRAM active command and the read/write command. Configuration options: [2 Clocks] [3 Clocks] [4 Clocks] [5 Clocks] [6 Clocks]

### DRAM RAS# Activate to Precharge [15 Clocks]

Sets the RAS Activate timing to Precharge timing.

Configuration options: [4 Clock] [5 Clocks] ~ [18 Clocks]

### DRAM Write Recovery Time [4 Clocks]

Sets the DRAM Write Recover Time. Configuration options: [2 Clocks] [3 Clocks] [4 Clocks] [5 Clocks] [6 Clocks]

## Hyper Path 3 [Auto]

Sets this item to enabled to reduce bottlenecks of memory bandwidth. Sets it to disabled for safe mode. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled] [Auto]

## DRAM Throttling Threshold [Auto]

Allows you to enable DRAM Thermal Throttling to make your system more stable.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Auto]

## **Boot Graphic Adapter Priority [PCI Express/Int-VGA]**

Allows selection of the graphics controller to use as primary boot device.

Configuration options: [Internal VGA] [PCI Express/Int-VGA]  
[PCI Express/PCI] [PCI/PCI Express] [PCI/Int-VGA]

## **Internal Graphics Mode Select [Enabled, 8MB]**

Sets the internal graphics mode.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled, 1MB] [Enabled, 8MB]

## **Graphics memory type [Auto]**

Sets the graphics memory type. Configuration options: [Auto] [DVMT] [FIX]  
[DVMT+FIX]

### *Boot Display Device [Auto]*

Configuration options: [Auto] [CRT on Port 0] [LFP on Port 2] [LFP on Port 3]  
[DFP on Port 2] [DFP on Port 3] [TV on Port 2] [TV on Port 3] [CRT-Port 0 &  
CRT-Port 2] [CRT-Port 0 & CRT-Port 3] [CRT-Port 0 & LFP-Port 2] [CRT-Port  
0 & LFP-Port 3] [CRT-Port 0 & DFP-Port 2] [CRT-Port 0 & DFP-Port 3] [DFP-  
Port 2 & DFP-Port 3]

### *TV Connector [Auto]*

Configuration options: [Auto] [Composite] [Component] [Composite &  
Component] [SCART Composite] [SCART Component] [SCART Compos  
& Compon] [SCART Compos & Compon RGB] [HDTV Serial] [HDTV  
Component] [HDTV Component RGB] [HDTV PnP HDMI]

### *HDTV Output [Auto]*

Configuration options: [Auto] [480i60] [480p60] [576i50] [576p50] [720p60]  
[1080i50] [1080i60] [1080p24] [1080p25] [1080p30] [1080p50] [1080p60]

### *TV Standard [VBIOS-Default]*

Configuration options: [VBIOS-Default] [NTSC] [PAL] [SECAM]  
[SMPTE240M] [SMPTE260M] [SMPTE274M] [SMPTE295M] [SMPTE296M]  
[SMPTE293M] [SMPTE170M] [ITURBT601]

## **PEG Buffer Length [Auto]**

Sets PCIEX graphics card buffer length. Configuration options: [Auto] [Long]  
[Short]

## **Link Latency [Auto]**

Sets link latency. Configuration options: [Auto] [Slow] [Normal]

## **PEG Root Control [Auto]**

Enables, disables or set to Auto of the link latency.

Configuration options: [Auto] [Disabled] [Enabled]

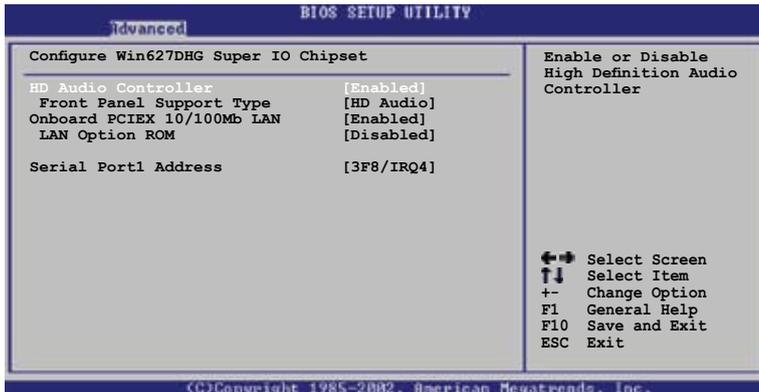
## Slot Power [Auto]

Sets the slot power. Configuration options: [Auto] [Light] [Normal] [Heavy] [Heavier]

## High Priority Port Select [Disabled]

Selects the high priority port. Configuration options: [Disabled]  
[PCI Express Port 2]

## 2.4.4 Onboard Devices Configuration



### HD Audio Controller [Enabled]

Enables or disables the Azalia/AC'97 CODEC.

Configuration options: [Enabled] [Disabled]

#### *Front Panel Support Type [HD Audio]*

Allows you to set the front panel audio connector (AAFP) mode to legacy AC'97 or high-definition audio depending on the audio standard that the front panel audio module supports. Configuration options: [AC97][HD Audio]

### Onboard PCIEX 10/100Mb LAN [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the onboard PCIEX 10/100Mb LAN controller.

Configuration options: [Enabled] [Disabled]

#### *LAN Option ROM [Disabled]*

Allows you to enable or disable the option ROM in the onboard LAN controller. This item appears only when the Onboard LAN item is set to Enabled. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

### Serial Port1 Address [3F8/IRQ4]

Allows you to select the Serial Port1 base address.

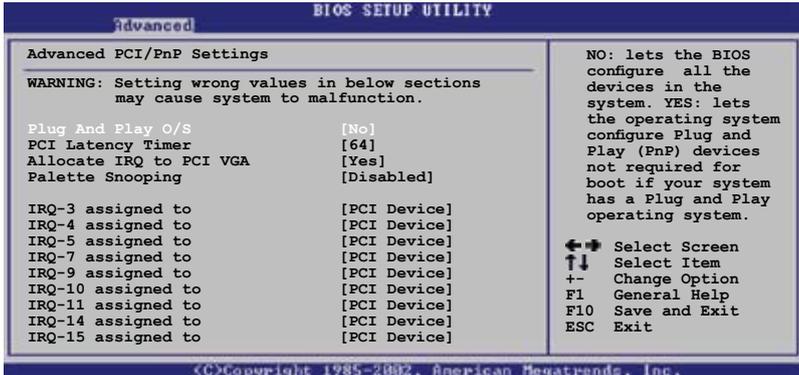
Configuration options: [Disabled] [3F8/IRQ4] [2F8/IRQ3] [3E8/IRQ4] [2E8/IRQ3]

## 2.4.5 PCI PnP

The PCI PnP menu items allow you to change the advanced settings for PCI/PnP devices. The menu includes setting IRQ and DMA channel resources for either PCI/PnP or legacy ISA devices, and setting the memory size block for legacy ISA devices.



Take caution when changing the settings of the PCI PnP menu items. Incorrect field values can cause the system to malfunction.



### Plug and Play O/S [No]

When set to [No], BIOS configures all the devices in the system. When set to [Yes] and if you install a Plug and Play operating system, the operating system configures the Plug and Play devices not required for boot. Configuration options: [No] [Yes]

### PCI Latency Timer [64]

Allows you to select the value in units of PCI clocks for the PCI device latency timer register. Configuration options: [32] [64] [96] [128] [160] [192] [224] [248]

### Allocate IRQ to PCI VGA [Yes]

When set to [Yes], BIOS assigns an IRQ to PCI VGA card if the card requests for an IRQ. When set to [No], BIOS does not assign an IRQ to the PCI VGA card even if requested. Configuration options: [Yes] [No]

### Palette Snooping [Disabled]

When set to [Enabled], the palette snooping feature informs the PCI devices that an ISA graphics device is installed in the system so that the latter can function correctly. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

## IRQ-xx assigned to [PCI Device]

When set to [PCI Device], the specific IRQ is free for use of PCI/PnP devices.

When set to [Reserved], the IRQ is reserved for legacy ISA devices.

Configuration options: [PCI Device] [Reserved]

## 2.5 Power menu

The Power menu items allow you to change the settings for the Advanced Configuration and Power Interface (ACPI) and the Advanced Power Management (APM). Select an item then press <Enter> to display the configuration options.



### 2.5.1 Suspend Mode [Auto]

Allows you to select the Advanced Configuration and Power Interface (ACPI) state to be used for system suspend.

Configuration options: [S1 (POS) Only] [S3 Only] [Auto]

### 2.5.2 ACPI 2.0 Support [Disabled]

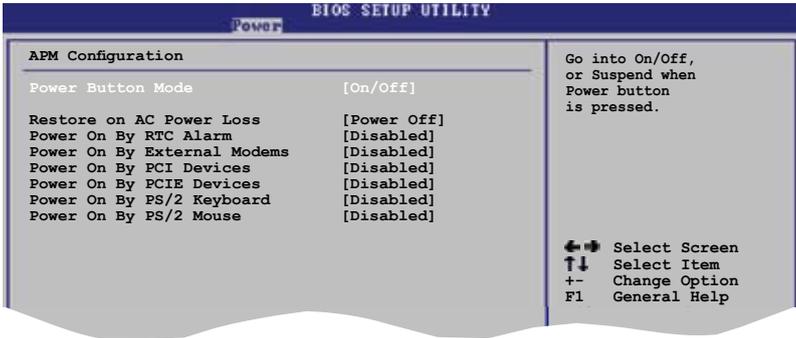
Allows you to add more tables for Advanced Configuration and Power Interface (ACPI) 2.0 specifications. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

### 2.5.3 ACPI APIC Support [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the Advanced Configuration and Power Interface (ACPI) support in the Application-Specific Integrated Circuit (ASIC). When set to Enabled, the ACPI APIC table pointer is included in the RSDT pointer list.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

## 2.5.4 APM Configuration



### Power Button Mode [On/Off]

Allows the system to go into On/Off mode or suspend mode when the power button is pressed. Configuration options: [On/Off] [Suspend]

### Restore on AC Power Loss [Power Off]

When set to Power Off, the system goes into off state after an AC power loss. When set to Power On, the system goes on after an AC power loss. When set to Last State, the system goes into either off or on state, whatever the system state was before the AC power loss.

Configuration options: [Power Off] [Power On] [Last State]

### Power On By RTC Alarm [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable RTC to generate a wake event. When this item is set to Enabled, the items RTC Alarm Date, RTC Alarm Hour, RTC Alarm Minute, and RTC Alarm Second appear with set values. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

### Power On By External Modems [Disabled]

This allows either settings of [Enabled] or [Disabled] for powering up the computer when the external modem receives a call while the computer is in Soft-off mode.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]



---

The computer cannot receive or transmit data until the computer and applications are fully running. Thus, connection cannot be made on the first try. Turning an external modem off and then back on while the computer is off causes an initialization string that turns the system power on.

---

### **Power On By PCI Devices [Disabled]**

When set to [Enabled], this parameter allows you to turn on the system through a PCI LAN or modem card. This feature requires an ATX power supply that provides at least 1A on the +5VSB lead. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

### **Power On By PCIE Devices [Disabled]**

When set to [Enabled], this parameter allows you to turn on the system through a PCI Express LAN card. This feature requires an ATX power supply that provides at least 1A on the +5VSB lead. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

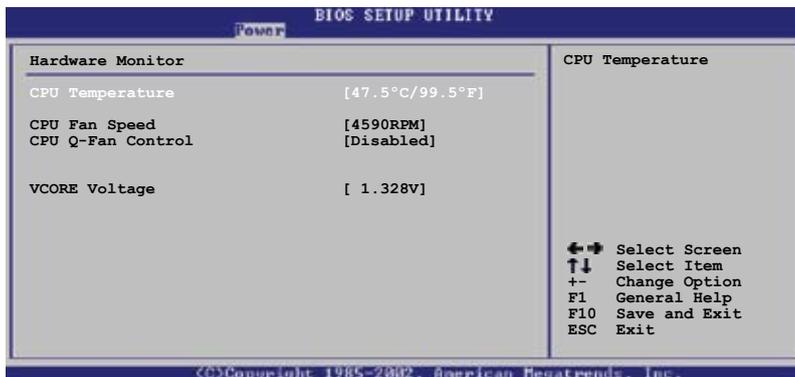
### **Power On By PS/2 Keyboard [Disabled]**

Allows you to use specific keys on the keyboard to turn on the system. This feature requires an ATX power supply that provides at least 1A on the +5VSB lead. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Space Bar] [Ctrl-Esc] [Power Key]

### **Power On By PS/2 Mouse [Disabled]**

When set to [Enabled], this parameter allows you to use the PS/2 mouse to turn on the system. This feature requires an ATX power supply that provides at least 1A on the +5VSB lead. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

## 2.5.5 Hardware Monitor



### CPU Temperature [xxxC/xxxF]

The onboard hardware monitor automatically detects and displays the motherboard and CPU temperatures. Select [Ignored] if you do not wish to display the detected temperatures.

Configuration options: [Ignored] [xxxC/xxxF]

### CPU Fan Speed [xxxxRPM] or [N/A] or [Ignored]

The onboard hardware monitor automatically detects and displays the CPU fan speed in rotations per minute (RPM). If the fan is not connected to the motherboard, the field shows N/A. Configuration options: [Ignored] [xxxRPM]

### CPU Q-Fan Control [Disabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the ASUS Q-Fan feature that smartly adjusts the fan speeds for more efficient system operation.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

### VCORE Voltage

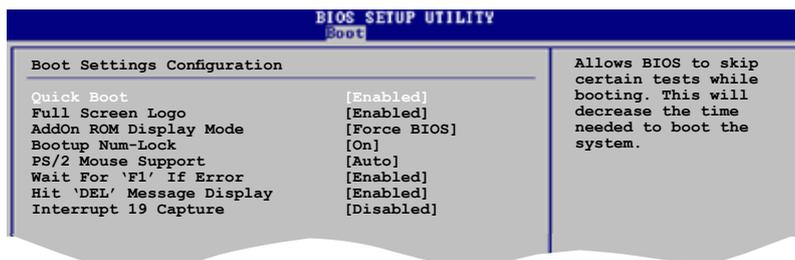
The onboard hardware monitor automatically detects the voltage output through the onboard voltage regulators.

## 2.6 Boot menu

The Boot menu items allow you to change the system boot options. Select an item then press <Enter> to display the sub-menu.



### 2.6.1 Boot Settings Configuration



#### Quick Boot [Enabled]

Enabling this item allows the BIOS to skip some power on self tests (POST) while booting to decrease the time needed to boot the system. When set to [Disabled], BIOS performs all the POST items.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### Full Screen Logo [Enabled]

This allows you to enable or disable the full screen logo display feature.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]



Set this item to [Enabled] to use the ASUS MyLogo™ feature.

**Add On ROM Display Mode [Force BIOS]**

Sets the display mode for option ROM.

Configuration options: [Force BIOS] [Keep Current]

**Bootup Num-Lock [On]**

Allows you to select the power-on state for the NumLock.

Configuration options: [Off] [On]

**PS/2 Mouse Support [Auto]**

Allows you to enable or disable support for PS/2 mouse.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled] [Auto]

**Wait for 'F1' If Error [Enabled]**

When set to Enabled, the system waits for the F1 key to be pressed when error occurs. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

**Hit 'DEL' Message Display [Enabled]**

When set to Enabled, the system displays the message "Press DEL to run Setup" during POST. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

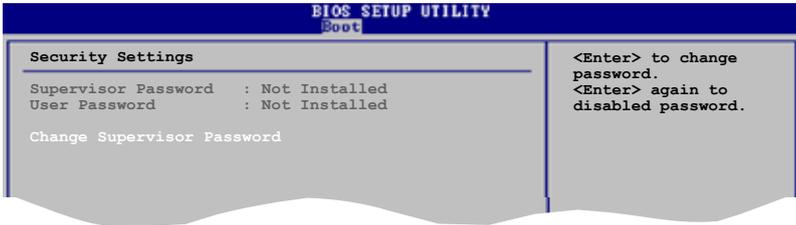
**Interrupt 19 Capture [Disabled]**

When set to [Enabled], this function allows the option ROMs to trap Interrupt 19.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

## 2.6.2 Security

The Security menu items allow you to change the system security settings. Select an item then press <Enter> to display the configuration options.



### Change Supervisor Password

Select this item to set or change the supervisor password. The Supervisor Password item on top of the screen shows the default Not Installed. After you set a password, this item shows Installed.

To set a Supervisor Password:

1. Select the Change Supervisor Password item and press <Enter>.
2. From the password box, type a password composed of at least six letters and/or numbers, then press <Enter>.
3. Confirm the password when prompted.

The message "Password Installed" appears after you successfully set your password.

To change the supervisor password, follow the same steps as in setting a user password.

To clear the supervisor password, select the Change Supervisor Password then press <Enter>. The message "Password Uninstalled" appears.

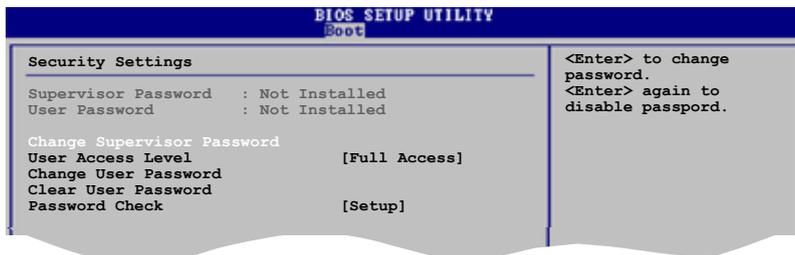


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If you forget your BIOS password, you can clear it by erasing the CMOS Real Time Clock (RTC) RAM. See section "1.9 Jumpers" for information on how to erase the RTC RAM.

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After you have set a supervisor password, the other items appear to allow you to change other security settings.



### User Access Level [Full Access]

This item allows you to select the access restriction to the Setup items.

Configuration options: [No Access] [View Only] [Limited] [Full Access]

No Access prevents user access to the Setup utility.

View Only allows access but does not allow change to any field.

Limited allows changes only to selected fields, such as Date and Time.

Full Access allows viewing and changing all the fields in the Setup utility.

### Change User Password

Select this item to set or change the user password. The User Password item on top of the screen shows the default Not Installed. After you set a password, this item shows Installed.

To set a User Password:

1. Select the Change User Password item and press <Enter>.
2. On the password box that appears, type a password composed of at least six letters and/or numbers, then press <Enter>.
3. Confirm the password when prompted.

The message "Password Installed" appears after you set your password successfully.

To change the user password, follow the same steps as in setting a user password.

### Clear User Password

Select this item to clear the user password.

## Password Check [Setup]

When set to [Setup], BIOS checks for user password when accessing the Setup utility. When set to [Always], BIOS checks for user password both when accessing Setup and booting the system.

Configuration options: [Setup] [Always]

## 2.7 Exit menu

The Exit menu items allow you to load the optimal or failsafe default values for the BIOS items, and save or discard your changes to the BIOS items.



Pressing <Esc> does not immediately exit this menu. Select one of the options from this menu or <F10> from the legend bar to exit.

### Exit & Save Changes

Once you are finished making your selections, choose this option from the Exit menu to ensure the values you selected are saved to the CMOS RAM. An onboard backup battery sustains the CMOS RAM so it stays on even when the PC is turned off. When you select this option, a confirmation window appears. Select Ok to save changes and exit.



If you attempt to exit the Setup program without saving your changes, the program prompts you with a message asking if you want to save your changes before exiting. Press <Enter> to save the changes while exiting.

## **Exit & Discard Changes**

Select this option only if you do not want to save the changes that you made to the Setup program. If you made changes to fields other than System Date, System Time, and Password, the BIOS asks for a confirmation before exiting.

## **Discard Changes**

This option allows you to discard the selections you made and restore the previously saved values. After selecting this option, a confirmation appears. Select Ok to discard any changes and load the previously saved values.

## **Load Setup Defaults**

This option allows you to load the default values for each of the parameters on the Setup menus. When you select this option or if you press <F5>, a confirmation window appears. Select Ok to load default values. Select Exit & Save Changes or make other changes before saving the values to the non-volatile RAM.

This chapter describes the contents of the support CD that comes with the motherboard package.

# 3 Software support

## 3.1 Installing an operating system

This motherboard supports Windows® XP/Vista operating systems (OS). Always install the latest OS version and corresponding updates to maximize the features of your hardware.



- Motherboard settings and hardware options vary. Use the setup procedures presented in this chapter for reference only. Refer to your OS documentation for detailed information.
- Make sure that you install Windows® XP Service Pack 1 or later versions before installing the drivers for better compatibility and system stability.

## 3.2 Support CD information

The support CD that came with the motherboard package contains the drivers, software applications, and utilities that you can install to avail all motherboard features.



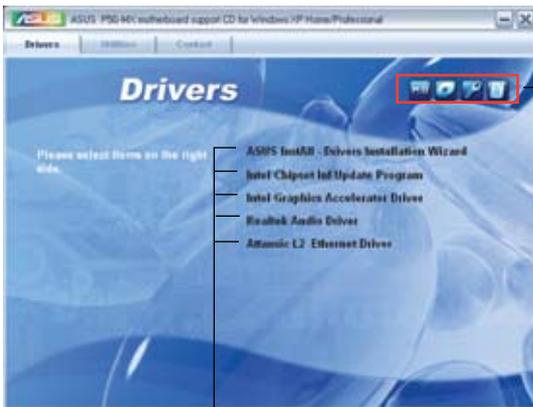
The contents of the support CD are subject to change at any time without notice. Visit the ASUS website([www.asus.com](http://www.asus.com)) for updates.



Make sure to choose the right support CD files according to the version of your motherboard. Refer to your Printed Circuit Board (PCB) for version information.

### 3.2.1 Running the support CD

Place the support CD to the optical drive. The CD automatically displays the Drivers menu if Autorun is enabled in your computer.



Click an icon to display support CD/motherboard information

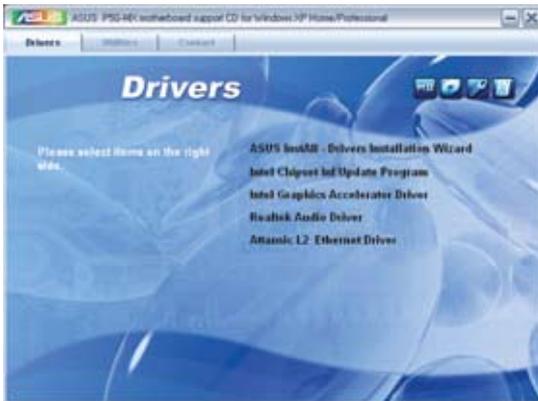
Click an item to install



If Autorun is NOT enabled in your computer, browse the contents of the support CD to locate the file ASSETUP.EXE from the BIN folder. Double-click the ASSETUP.EXE to run the CD.

### 3.2.2 Drivers menu

The drivers menu shows the available device drivers if the system detects installed devices. Install the necessary drivers to activate the devices.



#### **ASUS InstAll-Drivers Installation Wizard**

Installs the ASUS InstAll-Drivers Installation Wizard.

#### **Intel Chipset Inf Update Program**

This item installs the Intel® Chipset INF Update Program. This driver enables Plug-n-Play INF support for the Intel® chipset components on the motherboard. When installed to the target system, this driver provides the method for configuring the chipset components.

You can install this utility using three different modes: interactive, silent, or unattended preload. Installing the driver in interactive mode requires user input during installation. User input is not required when installing the driver in silent or unattended preload modes. Refer to the online help or readme file that came with the utility for details.

#### **Intel Graphics Accelerator Driver**

Installs the Intel Graphics Accelerator driver.

#### **Realtek Audio Driver**

Installs the Realtek Audio driver.

#### **Attansic L2 Ethernet Driver**

Installs the Attansic L2 Ethernet.

### 3.2.3 Utilities menu

The Utilities menu shows the applications and other software that the motherboard supports.



#### **ASUS InstAll-Installation Wizard for Utilities**

Installs all of the utilities through the Installation Wizard.

#### **ASUS PC Probe II**

This smart utility monitors the fan speed, CPU temperature, and system voltages, and alerts you of any detected problems. This utility helps you keep your computer in healthy operating condition.

#### **ASUS Update**

The ASUS Update utility allows you to update the motherboard BIOS in a Windows® environment. This utility requires an Internet connection either through a network or an Internet Service Provider (ISP).

### 3.2.4 ASUS Contact information

Click the Contact tab to display the ASUS contact information. You can also find this information on the inside front cover of this user guide.





The Appendix describes the CPU features that the motherboard supports.

# CPU features

# A.1 Enhanced Intel SpeedStep® Technology (EIST)



- The motherboard comes with a BIOS file that supports EIST. You can download the latest BIOS file from the ASUS website ([www.asus.com/support/download/](http://www.asus.com/support/download/)) if you need to update the BIOS. See Chapter 2 for details.
- Visit [www.intel.com](http://www.intel.com) for more information on the EIST feature.

## A.1.1 System requirements

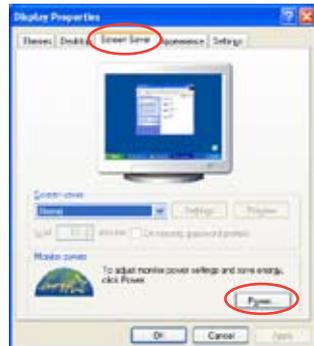
Before using EIST, check your system if it meets the following requirements:

- Intel® Core™ 2 Duo processor with EIST support
- BIOS file with EIST support
- Operating system with EIST support (Windows® XP SP2/Linux 2.6 kernel or later versions)

## A.1.2 Using the EIST

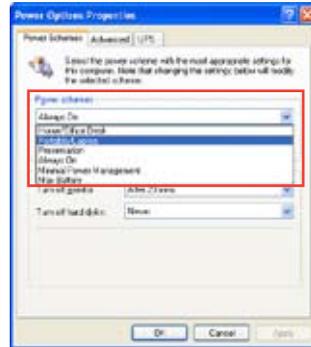
To use the EIST feature:

1. Turn on the computer, then enter the BIOS Setup.
2. Go to the Advanced Menu, highlight CPU Configuration, then press <Enter>.
3. Set the Intel(R) SpeedStep Technology item to [Automatic], then press <Enter>. See page 2-20 for details.
4. Press <F10> to save your changes and exit the BIOS setup.
5. After the computer restarts, right click on a blank space on the desktop, then select Properties from the pop-up menu.
6. When the Display Properties window appears, click the Screen Saver tab.
7. Click the Power button on the Monitor power section to open the Power Options Properties window.



8. On the Power schemes section, click , then select any option except Home/Office Desktop or Always On.
9. Click Apply, then click OK.
10. Close the Display Properties window.

After you adjust the power scheme, the CPU internal frequency slightly decreases when the CPU loading is low.



The screen displays and procedures may vary depending on the operating system.

## A.2 Intel® Hyper-Threading Technology

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- The motherboard supports Intel® Core™ 2 Duo LGA775 processors with Hyper-Threading Technology.
  - Hyper-Threading Technology is supported under Windows® XP and Linux 2.4.x (kernel) and later versions only. Under Linux, use the Hyper-Threading compiler to compile the code. If you are using any other operating systems, disable the Hyper-Threading Technology item in the BIOS to ensure system stability and performance.
  - Installing Windows® XP Service Pack 1 or later version is recommended.
  - Make sure to enable the Hyper-Threading Technology item in BIOS before installing a supported operating system.
  - For more information on Hyper-Threading Technology, visit [www.intel.com/info/hyperthreading](http://www.intel.com/info/hyperthreading).
- 

### Using the Hyper-Threading Technology

To use the Hyper-Threading Technology:

1. Install an Intel® Core™ 2 Duo CPU that supports Hyper-Threading Technology.
2. Power up the system and enter the BIOS Setup. Under the Advanced Menu, make sure that the item Hyper-Threading Technology is set to Enabled.  
The BIOS item appears only if you installed a CPU that supports Hyper-Threading Technology.
3. Restart the computer.